ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



**CPAs and Professional Consultants** 

### DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
Certificate of the Board	i	
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report	3	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7	
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	17	A-1
Statement of Activities	18	B-1
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet	20	C-1
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position	23	C-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	24	C-3
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of		
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	26	C-4
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements:	0	•
Statement of Net Position	27	D-1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	28	D-2
Statement of Cash Flows	29	D-3
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements:	23	<i>D</i> 3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	30	E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	31	E-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	33	F-1
Notes to the Financial Statements	33	
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -		
General Fund	65	G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Teacher Retirement		
System of Texas	66	G-2
Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions - Teacher Retirement System of Texas	67	G-3
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Teacher Retirement		
System of Texas	68	G-4
Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions - Teacher Retirement System of Texas	69	G-5
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	70	
Other Supplementary Information:		
Combining Fund Statements:		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	74	H-1
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	82	H-2
Combining Statement of Nevertues, Experiorations, and Changes in Fund Balance  Combining Statement of Proprietary Funds Net Position	90	H-3
Combining Statement of Proprietary Funds Net Position  Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Proprietary Funds Net Position	91	H-4
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Froprietary Funds Net Fosition	92	H-5
Combining Statement of Froprietary Famos Cash Flows	22	11-3

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

	Page	<u>Exhibit</u>
Financial Section (continued)		
Required TEA Schedules:		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	94	J-1
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - National		
School Breakfast and Lunch Program	96	J-2
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt		
Service Fund	97	J-3
Compensatory Education Program and Bilingual Education Program Compliance Responses	98	J-4
Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicator	99	L-1
Federal Awards Section		
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and		
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with		
Government Auditing Standards	103	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal		
Control over Compliance required by the Uniform Guidance	105	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	108	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	110	K-1
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	111	K-2
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	113	
Corrective Action Plan	114	

#### **CERTIFICATE OF THE BOARD**

DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT	Hays	105-904
Name of School District	County	Co Dist. No.
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached Annual Financial I for the year ended June 30, 2023, was reviewed and approved at Independent School District on October 18, 2023.		
Board Secretary	Suffer Mines Board President	

i

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**FINANCIAL SECTION** 

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

(SUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT)



Austin Office
3600 N. Capital of Texas Hwy.
Bldg B. Suite 250
Austin, Texas 78746
737.931.8200 Main

whitleypenn.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Dripping Springs Independent School District

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dripping Springs Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's
  internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information, and other-post employment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency (TEA) schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees
Dripping Springs Independent School District

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule L-1 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Austin, Texas

October 18, 2023

Whitley FERN LLP

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[SUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

### DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Dripping Springs Independent School District (the District), we offer readers of the accompanying report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. In reviewing this report, readers should be mindful that it is often necessary for management to make and use estimates in the preparation of financial statements. Examples of the use of such estimates may be found in amounts reported for depreciation, investment fair values, net taxes receivable, net pension liability, and net other postemployment benefits liability.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at year-end by \$95,378,344 (net position). Of this amount, \$11,634,417 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors in subsequent years.
- The District's total net position increased by \$22,723,526 from current operations.
- As of the close of the year, the District's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of \$82,831,629, a decrease of \$3,063,980 as compared to the preceding year.
- At the end of the year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$46,006,567, or approximately 44 percent of the year's total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total bonded debt decreased by \$22,666,553 (7.6 percent) during the year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of how the financial position of the District is changing.

The Statement of Activities (Exhibit B-1) presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. Changes in net position are reported upon occurrence of the underlying event giving rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some transactions that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial operations (governmental activities) of the District are principally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services. The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Community Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Issuance Costs and Fees, Facilities Repair and Maintenance, Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools, and Other Intergovernmental Charges.

The business-type activities include Day Care, Community Services, and School Store.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The government-wide financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, as do other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of cash resources*, as well as on *balances of cash resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government- wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintained approximately thirty-two individual governmental funds during the year. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirty funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled *total nonmajor funds*.

The District adopts an annual revenue and appropriations budget for its general fund. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Proprietary Fund.** The District maintains one type of propriety fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its Day Care, Community Services, and School Store operations.

Proprietary funds provide essentially the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Individual fund data for the enterprise funds are provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students and student organizations. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs and activities. A statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position are presented for fiduciary funds, as noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements are noted in the table of contents of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents required supplementary information and supplementary and other information, including schedules required by the Texas Education Agency. Such information is noted in the table of contents of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As mentioned earlier, net position may, over time, serve as an indicator of a District's changing financial position. At the close of the District's most recent fiscal year, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$95,378,344, an increase of \$22,723,526 over the preceding year from current operations.

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>			Business-ty	pe Ad	tivities	Total					
	2023	2022		2023		2022	2023	2022				
Current and other assets	\$104,653,134	\$103,928,903	\$	942,458	\$	817,007	\$105,595,592	\$104,745,910				
Capital assets	316,962,806	313,275,235		-			316,962,806	313,275,235				
Total Assets	421,615,940	417,204,138		942,458		817,007	422,558,398	418,021,145				
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	28,812,520	25,685,113					28,812,520	25,685,113				
Other liabilities	23,293,470	20,732,576		724,636		590,514	24,018,106	21,323,090				
Long-term liabilities outstanding	309,845,717	326,120,096		-			309,845,717	326,120,096				
Total Liabilities	333,139,187	346,852,672		724,636		590,514	333,863,823	347,443,186				
							-					
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	22,128,751	23,608,254					22,128,751	23,608,254				
Net Position												
Net investment in capital assets	61,943,679	47,672,740		-		-	61,943,679	47,672,740				
Restricted	21,800,248	17,871,548		-		-	21,800,248	17,871,548				
Unrestricted	11,416,595	6,884,037		217,822		217,822		217,822 226,493		226,493	11,634,417	7,110,530
Total Net Position	\$ 95,160,522	\$ 72,428,325	\$	217,822	\$	226,493	\$ 95,378,344	\$ 72,654,818				

The excess of assets/deferred outflows of resources over liabilities/deferred inflows of resources reported on the government-wide *Statement of Net Position* of \$95,378,344 at June 30, 2023 results from several factors. The increase in net position resulted primarily from an increase in capital assets as well as an increase in property tax revenue and operating grants and contributions.

The largest portion of the District's net position is net investment in capital assets. Investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding represents approximately 65 percent of the District's net position. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net position of \$21,800,248, which represents approximately 23 percent of total net position, is restricted for future debt service and grant expenditures.

*Unrestricted* net position of \$11,634,417 may be used to meet future obligations to students and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for governmental and business-type activities.

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$22,732,197 from current operations. Key elements of this change may be determined from the table below.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### **Dripping Springs Independent School District's Changes in Net Position**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business- ty	e Activities	vities Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 8,338,537	\$ 5,890,221	\$ 3,021,031	\$ 2,319,668	\$ 11,359,568	\$ 8,209,889	
Operating grants & contributions	6,495,307	7,791,921	-	117,613	6,495,307	7,909,534	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	89,675,072	72,441,047	-	-	89,675,072	72,441,047	
Property taxes, levied for debt service	33,280,838	26,383,626	-	-	33,280,838	26,383,626	
Grants and contributions not restricted to							
specific programs	8,189,672	5,690,318	-	-	8,189,672	5,690,318	
Investment earnings	4,117,040	177,774	618	62	4,117,658	177,836	
Miscellaneous	8,543	12,662			8,543	12,662	
Total Revenues	150,105,009	118,387,569	3,021,649	2,437,343	153,126,658	120,824,912	
Expenses							
Instruction	53,177,831	47,557,323	-	-	53,177,831	47,557,323	
Instructional resources and media services	1,069,725	1,018,667	-	-	1,069,725	1,018,667	
Curriculum and staff development	2,222,009	2,310,329	-	-	2,222,009	2,310,329	
Instructional leadership	1,305,206	1,279,089	-	-	1,305,206	1,279,089	
School leadership	4,044,762	3,556,957	-	-	4,044,762	3,556,957	
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	3,463,571	3,089,450	-	-	3,463,571	3,089,450	
Health services	1,004,789	842,127	-	-	1,004,789	842,127	
Student transportation	3,173,573	2,920,607	-	-	3,173,573	2,920,607	
Food service	3,759,429	3,532,937	-	-	3,759,429	3,532,937	
Extracurricular activities	3,985,450	3,369,596	-	-	3,985,450	3,369,596	
General administration	4,075,852	3,048,444	-	-	4,075,852	3,048,444	
Plant, maintenance and operations	9,419,586	7,944,370	-	-	9,419,586	7,944,370	
Security and monitoring services	520,544	550,876	-	-	520,544	550,876	
Data processing services	1,940,916	1,559,655	-	-	1,940,916	1,559,655	
Community services	41,104	31,055	-	-	41,104	31,055	
Interest and fiscal charges for long term debt	8,493,514	9,704,580	-	-	8,493,514	9,704,580	
Debt issuance costs and fees	171,886	414,409	-	-	171,886	414,409	
Facilities acquisition and construction	706,081	-	-	-	706,081	-	
Contracted instructional services between schools	24,359,963	10,587,708	-	-	24,359,963	10,587,708	
Other intergovernmental charges	782,597	658,863	-	-	782,597	658,863	
Day care	-	-	676,777	655,167	676,777	655,167	
Community services	-	-	1,959,763	1,691,012	1,959,763	1,691,012	
School store			48,204	29,566	48,204	29,566	
Total Expenses	127,718,388	103,977,042	2,684,744	2,375,745	130,403,132	106,352,787	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	22,386,621	14,410,527	336,905	61,598	22,723,526	14,472,125	
Transfers	345,576	(19,619)	(345,576)	19,619			
Change in net position	22,732,197	14,390,908	(8,671)	81,217	22,723,526	14,472,125	
Beginning Net Position	72,428,325	58,037,417	226,493	145,276	72,654,818	58,182,693	
Ending Net Position	\$ 95,160,522	\$ 72,428,325	\$ 217,822	\$ 226,493	\$ 95,378,344	\$ 72,654,818	

The increase in net position resulted primarily from property tax revenue increases and an increase in operating grants and contributions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Revenues were generated primarily from two sources. Property taxes of \$122,955,910 represent approximately 82 percent of total revenues while grants and contributions (including those not restricted for program-specific use as well as for general operations, totaling \$14,684,979), represent approximately 10 percent of total revenues. The remaining 8 percent is generated from investment earnings, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues.

The primary functional expenses of the District are *Instruction* at \$53,177,831, which represents approximately 42 percent of total expenses, *Plant Maintenance and Operations* at \$9,419,586 (approximately at 7 percent), *Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools* at \$24,359,963 (approximately 19 percent), and *Interest on Long-term Debt* of \$8,493,514 (approximately 7 percent), while all remaining expense categories are individually 3 percent or less of total expenses.

**Business-type Activities.** Business-type activities decreased the District's net position by \$8,671. Revenues increased by \$584,306 or approximately 24 percent, primarily due to the increase of community participation in the daycare and community education services provided. Expenditures increased by \$308,999, or approximately 13 percent.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of \$2,831,629, a decrease of \$2,564,723 from the preceding year. Comments as to each individual major fund's change in fund balance follows.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At year-end, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$46,006,567, while total fund balance was \$50,141,699. To evaluate the general fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 44 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 47 percent of that same total. The fund balance of the general fund increased \$3,063,980 during the year, primarily due to the increase in local and intermediate sources of revenue and state program revenues.

The debt service fund ended the year with a total fund balance of \$23,092,095, all of which is restricted for the payment of principal and interest on debt. The debt service fund balance increased \$4,196,204 during the year, primarily due to property tax collections exceeding budgeted projections.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$6,899,979. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the capital projects fund was \$10,611,780 due to the increase in capital outlay expenditures for facilities acquisition and construction.

Governmental funds financial statements may be found by referring to the table of contents.

**Proprietary Funds.** The District's proprietary fund financial statements provided the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the District's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District amends the budget as needed throughout the year. The final budgeted expenditures increased by \$11,683,078 primarily due to the increase in instruction and related services in the current year due to growth.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### **Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities**

**Capital Assets.** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 was \$316,962,806 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress. The increase in investment in capital assets net of depreciation for the current fiscal year was \$3,687,571.

#### **Dripping Springs Independent School District's Capital Assets**

(net of depreciation/amortization)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business- type Activities				Total		
	2023	2022	2023		2022		2023	2022	
Land	\$ 11,197,494	\$ 11,197,494	\$ -	\$		-	\$ 11,197,494	\$ 11,197,494	
Buildings & improvements	288,353,328	295,451,912	-			-	288,353,328	295,451,912	
Furniture & equipment	6,472,203	5,663,082	-			-	6,472,203	5,663,082	
Intangibles	283,330	303,330	-			-	283,330	303,330	
Construction in progress	10,233,941	368,627	-			-	10,233,941	368,627	
Right to use leased assets	154,051	290,790	-			-	154,051	290,790	
SBITA assets	268,459		 _				268,459		
Net Capital Assets	\$ 316,962,806	\$ 313,275,235	\$ -	\$	·		\$ 316,962,806	\$ 313,275,235	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements as per the table of contents of this report.

Long-term Liabilities. At year-end, the District had the following long-term liabilities:

Dripping Springs Independent School District's Outstanding Long-term Liabilities

	Governmental Activities										
	2023		2022		Increase ( Decrease)						
	Amount	%	Amount	<u></u> %	Amount	%					
General obligation bonds	\$ 275,889,924	89.0%	\$ 298,556,477	91.5%	\$ (22,666,553)	-7.6%					
Notes payable	376,772	0.1%	197,111	0.1%	179,661	91.1%					
Lease liabilities	160,386	0.1%	296,700	0.1%	(136,314)	-45.9%					
SBITA liabilities	270,052	0.1%	-	0.0%	270,052	100.0%					
Net pension liability	20,532,909	6.6%	8,011,611	2.5%	12,521,298	156.3%					
Net OPEB liability	12,615,674	4.1%	19,058,197	5.8%	(6,442,523)	-33.8%					
Totals	\$ 309,845,717	100.0%	\$ 326,120,096	100.0%	\$ (16,274,379)						

The District's total bonded debt decreased by \$22,666,553 (7.6 percent) during the current fiscal year, which resulted primarily from scheduled principal payments during the year and \$10.7 million of debt defeased. The debt is supported by the full faith and credit of the District, as further guaranteed by the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas. State statutes do not limit the tax rate or amount of local tax support of school districts' bonded indebtedness. However, approval of the Attorney General of the State of Texas is required prior to the sale of bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 in the notes to the financial statements as per the table of contents of this report.

Additional information on the District's net pension liability can be found in Note 10 to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

Additional information on the District's OPEB liability can be found in Note 11 to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- School year 2023-2024 student enrollment is projected at 8,854, compared to 8,375 from 2022-2023.
- District staff totals 1,114 employees in 2023-2024, of which 562 are teachers and 140 are teacher aides and secretaries.
- The District maintains 8 campuses for student instruction.
- Property values (net taxable) of the District increased 20.5% for the 2023-2024 year.
- A maintenance and operations tax rate of \$0.7575 and a debt service rate of \$0.3500, for a total rate of \$1.1075, was adopted for 2023-2024.

The 2023-2024 general operating budget was adopted on June 26, 2023 following the culmination of months of planning and work to present a plan that provides the resources necessary to support the district's mission while maintaining accountability to its stakeholders. The General Fund Operating budget included revenues of \$120,356,315 and expenditures of \$122,829,129 resulting in an overall deficit of \$2,472,814 (before transfers in/out). The budget was prepared to support 8,854 students, which represents 5.7% growth over 2022-2023 enrollment numbers, and on a total tax rate of \$1.2827. It is important to note that revenues were based on a lower enrollment of 8,765 to provide a more conservative budget. At the time the budget was adopted, property tax relief legislation had not passed thus the budget was adopted based on a higher tax rate than was ultimately adopted.

Revenues were prepared under the following assumptions:

- Student enrollment of 8,765
- A Tier 1 MCR of \$0.7944 (adopted \$0.6192)
- 8 Golden pennies
- 5.83 Copper pennies
- Cooperative estimates for other local revenues

#### Expenditure budgets include:

- 3% salary increase for teachers, auxiliary, clerical staff and all other staff
- Certain auxiliary classifications received a higher hourly wage increase in order to attract staff to high vacancy areas
- 36 additional FTEs for growth
- Funding for portable buildings
- Funding for band uniforms, band instruments, and technology lease payments out of fund balance commitments

In the summer of 2023, the Texas legislature passed property tax relief measures. SB 2 increases the homestead exemption to \$100,000 (pending voter approval in November 2023) and further compresses the district's MCR. Due to the property tax relief legislation, the district's M&O tax rate was reduced to \$.7575 from initial projections of an M&O rate of \$0.9327. These reductions also reduced the estimate for recapture. The adopted budget reflected a recapture payment of \$33 million compared to current estimates of \$12 million.

The Debt Service budget included revenues of \$41,004,391 and expenditures of \$21,346,959 resulting in a surplus of \$19,657,432. The surplus will be utilized to defease outstanding debt resulting in significant savings to the District.

Voters approved a bond in May of 2023 in the amount of \$223.7 million to build additional campuses and make renovations to existing facilities. The Interest and Sinking (I&S) tax rate was calculated at \$0.3500 per \$100 of valuation.

The Child Nutrition budget included revenues of \$4,264,816 and expenditures of \$4,734,356 resulting in an operating deficit of \$469,540. The Child Nutrition fund ended 2022-2023 with excess fund balance according to the Texas Department of Agriculture standards. Therefore, deficit spending will be required to reduce the fund balance. Planned expenditures for replacement kitchen equipment will further reduce the fund balance to allowable levels.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the District's finances for those with an interest in this information. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Deputy Superintendent for Finance and Operations, Dripping Springs Independent School District, 300 Sportsplex Dr., Dripping Springs, Texas 78620.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[NUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

### DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Data				
Control		Governmental	Business-type	
Codes	_	Activities	Activities	Total
	Assets			
1110	Cash and temporary investments	\$ 98,821,914	\$ 754,359	\$ 99,576,273
1225	Property taxes receivables	2,549,584	-	2,549,584
1230	Allowance for uncollectable taxes	(509,917)	-	(509,917)
1240	Due from other governments	2,774,895	-	2,774,895
1250	Accrued interest	630,697	-	630,697
1267	Due from fiduciary funds	16,541	-	16,541
1260	Internal balances	(184,751)	184,751	, -
1300	Inventories	379,871	3,348	383,219
1410	Prepaid items	174,300	-	174,300
	Capital assets not subject to depreciation/amortization:	27 1,000		17.1,000
1510	Land	11,197,494	_	11,197,494
1580	Construction in progress	10,233,941	_	10,233,941
1300	Capital assets net of depreciation/amortization:	10,233,341		10,233,341
1520	Buildings and improvements, net	288,353,328	_	288,353,328
1530	Furniture and equipment, net	6,472,203		6,472,203
1540		283,330	_	283,330
	Intangibles, net		-	
1553	SBITA assets, net	268,459	-	268,459
1559	Right to use leased assets, equipment, net	154,051		154,051
1000	Total Assets	421,615,940	942,458	422,558,398
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	Deferred charge on refunding	9,146,037	-	9,146,037
	Deferred outflows - pension	10,349,320	-	10,349,320
	Deferred outflows - OPEB	9,317,163	-	9,317,163
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	28,812,520		28,812,520
	Liabilities			
2110	Accounts payable	2,952,706	98,842	3,051,548
2140	Interest payable	3,511,632	30,042	3,511,632
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	666,011	6,180	672,191
		·	76,588	•
2160	Accrued wages payable	7,298,539	70,388	7,375,127
2180	Due to other governments	8,430,568	-	8,430,568
2200	Accrued expenses payable	150,871		150,871
2300	Unearned revenue	283,143	543,026	826,169
2524	Noncurrent Liabilities:	44 707 050		44 707 050
2501	Due within one year: Bonds, claims	11,797,052	-	11,797,052
2522	Due in more than one year:	254 222 222		254 222 222
2502	Bonds, claims	264,900,082	-	264,900,082
2540	Net pension liability	20,532,909	-	20,532,909
2545	Net OPEB liability	12,615,674		12,615,674
2000	Total Liabilities	333,139,187	724,636	333,863,823
	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	Deferred inflows - pension	2,442,585	-	2,442,585
	Deferred inflows - OPEB	19,686,166	-	19,686,166
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,128,751		22,128,751
2200	Net Position	64 040 655		64 6 42 677
3200	Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	61,943,679	-	61,943,679
3820	Federal and state programs	1,677,143	_	1,677,143
3850	Debt service	20,123,105	=	20,123,105
3900	Unrestricted	11,416,595	217,822	11,634,417
<b>3000</b>	Total Net Position			
3000	TOTAL INC. PUSITION	\$ 95,160,522	\$ 217,822	\$ 95,378,344

### DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Program Revenues			
Data Control					Charges for	(	Operating Grants and
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Cc	ntributions
	Governmental Activities:						
11	Instruction	\$	53,177,831	\$	2,161,635	\$	3,455,737
12	Instructional resources & media						
	service		1,069,725		52,151		-
13	Curriculum and staff development		2,222,009		43,632		829,366
21	Instructional leadership		1,305,206		13,088		56,905
23	School leadership		4,044,762		92,825		5,064
31	Guidance, counseling & evaluation		3,463,571		324,097		274,039
33	Health services		1,004,789		2,077		481,002
34	Student transportation		3,173,573		-		-
35	Food service		3,759,429		3,586,436		799,837
36	Extracurricular activities		3,985,450		1,293,324		-
41	General administration		4,075,852		492,127		525,440
51	Plant, maintenance and operations		9,419,586		232,135		1,009
52	Security and monitoring services		520,544		44,990		-
53	Data processing services		1,940,916		20		66,840
61	Community services		41,104		-		68
72	Interest and fiscal charges for long						
	term debt		8,493,514		-		-
73	Debt issuance costs and fees		171,886		-		-
81	Facilities acquisition and construction		706,081		-		-
91	Contracted instructional services						
	between schools		24,359,963		-		-
99	Other intergovernmental charges		782,597		-		-
TG	Total Governmental Activities		127,718,388		8,338,537		6,495,307
	Business-type Activities						
01	Day care		676,777		386,489		-
02	Community services		1,959,763		2,568,550		-
03	School store		48,204		65,992		-
ТВ			2.604.744		2 024 024		
	Total Business-type Activities		2,684,744		3,021,031		<u>-</u>

### DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Data Control		Governmental	Business-type						
Codes	Functions/Programs	Activities	Activities	Total					
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$ (47,560,459)	\$ -	\$ (47,560,459)					
12	Instructional resources & media								
	service	(1,017,574)	-	(1,017,574)					
13	Curriculum and staff development	(1,349,011)	-	(1,349,011)					
21	Instructional leadership	(1,235,213)	-	(1,235,213)					
23	School leadership	(3,946,873)	-	(3,946,873)					
31	Guidance, counseling & evaluation	(2,865,435)	-	(2,865,435)					
33	Health services	(521,710)	-	(521,710)					
34	Student transportation	(3,173,573)	-	(3,173,573)					
35	Food service	626,844	-	626,844					
36	Extracurricular activities	(2,692,126)	-	(2,692,126)					
41	General administration	(3,058,285)	-	(3,058,285)					
51	Plant, maintenance and operations	(9,186,442)	-	(9,186,442)					
52	Security and monitoring services	(475,554)	-	(475 <i>,</i> 554)					
53	Data processing services	(1,874,056)	-	(1,874,056)					
61	Community services	(41,036)	-	(41,036)					
72	Interest and fiscal charges for long	(2.22.2.)		/a =					
	term debt	(8,493,514)	-	(8,493,514)					
73	Debt issuance costs and fees	(171,886)	-	(171,886)					
81	Facilities acquisition and construction	(706,081)	-	(706,081)					
91	Contracted instructional services between	(24.250.002)		(24.250.062)					
99	schools Other intergovernmental charges	(24,359,963) (782,597)	-	(24,359,963)					
	Other intergovernmental charges			(782,597)					
TG	Total Governmental Activities	(112,884,544)		(112,884,544)					
	Business-type Activities								
01	Day care	-	(290,288)	(290,288)					
02	Community services	-	608,787	608,787					
03	School store	-	17,788	17,788					
ТВ	Total Business-type Activities		336,287	336,287					
TP	Total Primary Government	(112,884,544)	336,287	(112,548,257)					
	General Revenues:		,						
	Taxes:								
MT	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	89,675,072	_	89,675,072					
DT				33,280,838					
	Property taxes, levied for debt service	33,280,838	-	, ,					
SF	State-aid formula grants - unrestricted	8,189,672	- 	8,189,672					
IE	Investment earnings	4,117,040	618	4,117,658					
MI	Miscellaneous	8,543	-	8,543					
FR	Transfers	345,576	(345,576)						
TR	Total General Revenues	135,616,741	(344,958)	135,271,783					
CN	Change in net position	22,732,197	(8,671)	22,723,526					
NB	Net Position - Beginning	72,428,325	226,493	72,654,818					
NE	Net Position - Ending	\$ 95,160,522	\$ 217,822	\$ 95,378,344					

# DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

Data Control				_	ebt Service	Car	oital Projects
Codes		G	eneral Fund		Fund	Cap	Fund
<u> coucs</u>	– Assets		<u>eneral rana</u>		- una		- runu
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,964,069	\$	100,893	\$	435,023
1120	Investments	•	60,087,147	•	23,095,146	•	8,667,964
	Receivables:		,,		-,,		-,,-
1220	Property taxes receivables		1,871,281		678,303		_
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)		(374,256)		(135,661)		-
1240	Due from other governments		1,325,232		-		_
1250	Accrued interest		630,697		-		_
1260	Due from other funds		1,327,946		-		16,154
1290	Other receivables		16,541		_		-
1300	Inventories		354,656		_		_
1410	Prepaid items		35,849		_		_
1000	Total Assets	Ś	68,239,162	Ś	23,738,681	\$	9,119,141
				<del>-</del>			-,,
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balance						
	Liabilities:						
2110	Accounts payable	\$	606,031	\$	-	\$	2,219,162
2150	Payroll deduction and withholdings		618,502		-		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		6,998,715		-		-
2170	Due to other funds		-		-		-
2180	Payable to other governments		8,203,819		103,944		-
2200	Accrued expenditures		150,871		-		-
2300	Unearned revenue		22,500		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		16,600,438		103,944		2,219,162
	Deferred Inflows of Resources						
	Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes		1,497,025		542,642		
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,497,025		542,642		
	Fund Balances:						
	Nonspendable :						
3410	Inventories		354,656		-		-
3430	Prepaid items		35,849		-		_
	Restricted:		,-				
3450	Grants		_		-		_
3470	Capital acquisitions		-		-		6,899,979
3480	Debt service		-		23,092,095		-
	Committed:				•		
3545	Other purposes		3,744,627		-		_
3600	Unassigned		46,006,567		-		_
3000	Total Fund Balances		50,141,699		23,092,095		6,899,979
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund				•		
	Balances	\$	68,239,162	\$	23,738,681	\$	9,119,141

## DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

Data Control Codes		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		G	Total Governmental Funds	
	Assets	,				
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,504,235	\$	5,004,220	
1120	Investments		1,967,437		93,817,694	
	Receivables:					
1220	Property taxes receivables		-		2,549,584	
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)		-		(509,917)	
1240	Due from other governments		1,449,663		2,774,895	
1250	Accrued interest		-		630,697	
1260	Due from other funds		467,403		1,811,503	
1290	Other receivables		-		16,541	
1300	Inventories		25,215		379,871	
1410	Prepaid items		138,451		174,300	
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,552,404	\$	106,649,388	
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balance					
	Liabilities:					
2110	Accounts payable	\$	127,513	\$	2,952,706	
2150	Payroll deduction and withholdings		47,509		666,011	
2160	Accrued wages payable		299,824		7,298,539	
2170	Due to other funds		1,996,254		1,996,254	
2180	Payable to other governments		122,805		8,430,568	
2200	Accrued expenditures		-		150,871	
2300	Unearned revenue		260,643		283,143	
2000	Total Liabilities		2,854,548		21,778,092	
	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes		-		2,039,667	
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u>-</u>		2,039,667	
	Fund Balances:					
	Nonspendable :					
3410	Inventories		25,215		379,871	
3430	Prepaid items		-		35,849	
	Restricted:					
3450	Grants		1,677,143		1,677,143	
3470	Capital acquisitions		-		6,899,979	
3480	Debt service		-		23,092,095	
_	Committed:					
3545	Other purposes		995,498		4,740,125	
3600	Unassigned		<u>-</u>		46,006,567	
3000	Total Fund Balances		2,697,856		82,831,629	
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	5,552,404	\$	106,649,388	

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[SUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

### RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

Data Control Codes		
	Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$ 82,831,629
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:	
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Capital assets at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, where applicable	316,962,806
2	Property taxes receivable have been levied and are due this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, these property taxes and related penalty and interest amounts (net of allowance for uncollectible	
	accounts).	2,039,667
3	Deferred charges on refunding	9,146,037
4	Deferred outflows - pension related	10,349,320
5	Deferred inflows - pension related	(2,442,585)
6	Deferred outflows - OPEB related	9,317,163
7	Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(19,686,166)
	Long- term liabilities, including bonds payable, notes payable and net pension and OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year- end related to such items consist of:	
8	General obligation bonds	(244,714,935)
9	Premiums on bonds payable	(25,542,998)
10	Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(5,631,991)
11	Accrued interest payable	(3,511,632)
12	Notes payable	(376,772)
13 14	Lease liability SBITA liability	(160,386) (270,052)
15	Net pension liability	(270,032)
16	Net OPEB liability	(12,615,674)
19	Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 95,160,522

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Data Control Codes		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund
	– Revenues			
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ 94,519,711	\$ 34,180,884	\$ 525,338
5800	State program revenues	12,364,341	476,513	-
5900	Federal program revenues	1,204,663	-	-
5020	Total Revenues	108,088,715	34,657,397	525,338
	Evnandituras			
	Expenditures Current:			
0011	Instruction	47,817,311	_	_
0011	Instruction resources and media services	923,190	_	_
0012	Curriculum and instructional staff	923,190		
0013	development	1,360,034	_	_
0021	Instructional leadership	1,182,373	_	
0021	School leadership	3,722,709	_	_
0023	Guidance, counseling and evaluation	3,722,709	-	-
0031	services	2,826,900		
0033	Health services		-	-
0033		892,106 3,827,470	-	-
0034	Student transportation Food services	3,027,470	-	-
	Extracurricular activities	2 055 547	-	-
0036	General administration	2,955,547	-	-
0041		3,841,614	-	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	8,490,746	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	418,830	-	276.610
0053	Data processing services	1,718,823	-	376,619
0061	Community services	34,142	-	-
0071	Debt service:	240 214	10 700 000	
0071 0072	Principal on long-term debt	349,214	19,790,000	-
0072	Interest on long-term debt Bond issuance costs and fees	860	10,299,109	-
0073		-	372,084	-
0081	Capital outlay:	220 652		10.760.400
0001	Facilities acquisition and construction	228,653	-	10,760,499
0091	Intergovernmental:  Contracted instructional services	24,359,963		
0091		, ,	_	-
	Payments to Appraisal District	782,597	- 20 464 402	- 44.427.440
6030	Total Expenditures	105,733,082	30,461,193	11,137,118
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	2 255 622	4.406.204	(40.644.700)
	expenditures	2,355,633	4,196,204	(10,611,780)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs	97,736	-	-
7914	Proceeds from notes payable	376,772		
7915	Transfers in	461,871	-	-
8911	Transfers out	(99,476)	-	-
8949	Other uses	(128,556)	-	-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	708,347		
1200	Net change in fund balances	3,063,980	4,196,204	(10,611,780)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	47,077,719	18,895,891	17,511,759
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 50,141,699	\$ 23,092,095	\$ 6,899,979

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Data Control			Nonmajor vernmental	G	Total overnmental
Codes		-	Funds		Funds
F700	Revenues	ć	F 041 110	۸.	125 167 051
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$	5,941,118	\$	135,167,051
5800	State program revenues		738,540		13,579,394
5900	Federal program revenues		4,552,104		5,756,767
5020	Total Revenues		11,231,762		154,503,212
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		4,170,680		51,987,991
0012	Instruction resources and media services		44,068		967,258
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff				
	development		901,249		2,261,283
0021	Instructional leadership		70,655		1,253,028
0023	School leadership		84,587		3,807,296
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation		•		
	services		611,806		3,438,706
0033	Health services		99,581		991,687
0034	Student transportation		, -		3,827,470
0035	Food services		3,630,710		3,630,710
0036	Extracurricular activities		702,780		3,658,327
0041	General administration		14		3,841,628
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		164,558		8,655,304
0052	Security and monitoring services		38,017		456,847
0053	Data processing services		69,748		2,165,190
0061	Community services		68		34,210
0001	Debt service:		00		3 1,210
0071	Principal on long-term debt		48,506		20,187,720
0072	Interest on long-term debt		-		10,299,969
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		_		372,084
0070	Capital outlay:				072,00
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction		27,654		11,016,806
0001	Intergovernmental:		27,031		11,010,000
0091	Contracted instructional services		_		24,359,963
0099					
6030	Payments to Appraisal District  Total Expenditures		10,664,681		782,597 157,996,074
	•		10,004,061		157,990,074
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		F 6 7 0 9 1		(2.402.962)
	expenditures		567,081		(3,492,862)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs		236,611		334,347
7914	Proceeds from notes payable		-		376,772
7915	Transfers in		4,042		465,913
8911	Transfers out		(20,861)		(120,337)
8949	Other uses		_		(128,556)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	219,792		928,139
1200	Net change in fund balances		786,873		(2,564,723)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,910,983		85,396,352
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	Ś	2,697,856	\$	82,831,629
	•		_,,	<u>-</u>	,

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Change In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C- 2)	\$ (2,564,723)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capitalized expenditures reclassified to assets	13,084,551
Depreciation and amortization expense taken to Statement of Activities	(9,396,980)
Property tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	381,535
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt is reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, proceeds are treated as an increase in long term liabilities.  Proceeds from issuance of notes payable	(376,772)
Proceeds from issuance of SBITAs	(334,347)
Repayment of bond principal and lease liability principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	19,790,000
Repayment of notes principal, lease liability, and sbita liability is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	397,720
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued interest on bonds payable decreased	346,525
Interest accreted on the capital appreciation bonds decreased	(58,419)
Amortization of bond premium	2,934,972
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(1,216,425)
Changes in net pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(1,254,794)
Changes in net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	 999,354
Change In Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit B- 1)	\$ 22,732,197

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS
June 30, 2023

Assets		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	754,359		
Receivables:	Ţ	734,333		
Due from other funds		260,494		
Inventories, at cost		3,348		
Total Current Assets				
Total Current Assets	-	1,018,201		
Non-current Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Furniture and equipment		15,831		
Accumulated depreciation buildings, furniture, and				
equipment		(15,831)		
Total Non-current Assets				
Total Assets	\$	1,018,201		
Liabilities and Net Position Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	98,842		
Payroll deductions and withholdings		•		
payable		6,180		
Accrued wages payable		76,588		
Due to other funds		75,743		
Unearned revenue		543,026		
Total Current Liabilities		800,379		
Total Liabilities		800,379		
Net Position				
Unrestricted		217,822		
Total Net Position		217,822		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,018,201		

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Nonmajor
One washing Personner	Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues  Local and intermediate sources	¢ 2.021.021
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 3,021,031 3,021,031
Total Operating Revenues	3,021,031
Operating Expenses	
Payroll costs	1,948,928
Purchased and contracted services	621,516
Supplies and materials	68,565
Claims expense and other operating expenses	43,106
Debt service	2,629
Total Operating Expenses	2,684,744
Operating Income	336,287
Non-Operating Revenues	
Investment earnings	618
Total Non-Operating Revenues	618
Total from Operating New College	
Income before Transfers	336,905
Transfers	
Transfers in	586,575
Transfers out	(932,151)
Total Transfers	(345,576)
Total Transicis	(3+3,370)
Change in Net Position	(8,671)
Net Position - Beginning	226,493
Net Position - Ending	\$ 217,822
ŭ	, , , , , ,

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash receipts from services provided	\$	3,072,237
Cash payments to employees		(1,941,417)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(965,827)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		164,993
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
Cash payment from other funds		586 <i>,</i> 575
Cash payment to other funds		(932,151)
Net Cash Used by Non-Capital Financing Activities		(345,576)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest on investments		618
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		618
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(179,965)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		934,328
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	754,363
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income	\$	336,287
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in Due from Other Funds		(253,901)
Decrease (increase) in Prepaids		96
Increase (decrease) in Accounts payable		26,671
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		8,441
Increase (decrease) in Interfund Payables		(51,611)
Increase (decrease) in Payroll Deductions Payable		(3,807)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		102,817
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	164,993

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds		
	Scholarship Fund		Student Activity		
Assets				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	750	\$	186,975	
Investments		35,996		-	
Other receivables		-		494	
Total Assets	\$	36,746	\$	187,469	
Liabilities and Net Position					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	104	
Due to others		4,750		12,392	
Total Liabilities		4,750		12,496	
Net Position					
Restricted for student scholarships and					
other activities		31,996		_	
Restricted for student activity		-		174,973	
Total Net Position	\$	31,996	\$	174,973	

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust Funds			ustodial Funds
	Scholar	ship Fund	Stud	ent Activity
Additions	'			_
Local and intermediate sources	\$	1,389	\$	246,337
Total Additions		1,389		246,337
<b>Deductions</b> Scholarships awarded		4,250		-
Payments for student activities	-			222,492
Total Deductions		4,250		222,492
Change in Net Position		(2,861)		23,845
Net Position - Beginning		34,857		151,128
Net Position - Ending	\$	31,996	\$	174,973

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[NUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Dripping Springs Independent School District (the District) is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the Board), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the District. Because members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. There are no component units, entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable, included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (the District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues are available for spending when collected, while revenues received from the State of Texas are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Most grant funds are received on a reimbursement basis. When grant funds are received in advance, they are recorded as unearned revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation School Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for specific programs funded by the federal or state government, food service, debt service, and capital projects.

The *debt service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *nonmajor special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *enterprise funds* are proprietary funds used to account for the operations of the District's day care fund, community services fund, and school store.

*Private purpose trust funds* are used to account for resources legally held in trust under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. The District's private-purpose trust funds represent scholarship funds being held in trust for students.

The custodial fund accounts for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District and consist of funds that are the property of students and others and cannot be used by the District in operations.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

## D. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), was issued in May 2020 and was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The District has evaluated the effects of this standard and has determined that it does impact the financial statements. As such the District has incorporated such SBITAs into its capital assets and long-term liabilities on both the face of the financial statements and the note disclosures.

## E. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, investment pools, and short-term investments with original maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments with an original maturity greater than one year from date of purchase are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices as of year-end, except for nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts which are reported at cost. Investments with an original maturity of less than one year are reported at amortized cost.

The District categorizes fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

## F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Property tax receivables include unpaid property taxes at year-end and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Revenues from property taxes are recognized when levied to the extent they are available. The District considers property taxes as available when collected. However, not all outstanding property taxes are expected to be collected within one year of the date of the financial statements. Property values are determined by the Hays and Travis County Appraisal District as of January 1 of each year. Prior to July 1 of each year, the District must adopt its annual budget and as soon thereafter as practicable, shall adopt a tax rate thus creating the tax levy.

#### F. Receivables and Payables (continued)

Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of July 1 of each year.

## **G.** Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **H.** Capital Assets

As the District constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets. See Note 5). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land is not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, equipment, the right to use leased equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Assets Classes	Years
Building improvements	10-50
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	5-20
Intangibles	20
Right to use leased equipment	3-5
SBITA Assets	2-4

#### I. Leases

The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of buildings, furniture, and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and internal service fund financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### I. Leases (continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the
  lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for
  leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

#### J. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The District is under contracts for SBITA for various financial and educational software. The agreements/contracts are noncancellable and the District recognizes a SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes SBITA liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of the SBITA, the District initially measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the SBITA liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to SBITA include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged
  by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the
  discount rate for SBITAs.
- The SBITA term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA and payments included in the measurement of the SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability.

SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## K. Compensated Absences

The District has a policy that allows nonexempt employees to accrue vacation days, up to a maximum of fifteen vacation days, for which they can be compensated for at their current daily rate upon separation from or change of employment with the District. It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. An employee who retires from employment with the District shall be eligible for reimbursement for local leave as long as the employee's retirement is voluntary, i.e., the employee is retiring under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is not being discharged or nonrenewed. The employee shall be reimbursed for each day of local leave at a rate established by the Board. If the employee is reemployed with the District, days for which the employee received payment shall not be available to that employee. Per governmental accounting standards, a liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have met the District's requirements and State's retirement eligibility requirements. A liability for such amounts is insignificant and has not been included in the financial statements.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Premiums and discounts are presented as a component of liabilities while deferred charges on refundings are presented as deferred outflows of resources. Both items are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund.

## M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

- Deferred charge on refunding Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, this deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Deferred outflows relating to pension activities Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results 1) changes in the District's proportional share of pension liabilities, 2) changes in actuarial assumptions; and 3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The remaining pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.
- Deferred outflows of resources for post-employment benefits Reported in the government wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of 1) changes in the District's proportional share of post-employment liabilities; 2) changes in actuarial assumptions; 3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and 4) differences between projected and actual earnings on post-employment plan investments. The deferred outflows of resources related to post-employment benefits resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net post-employment benefit liability in the next fiscal year. The deferred outflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments will be amortized over a closed five year period. The remaining deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with post-employment benefits through the post-employment benefit plan.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow or resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Deferred inflows relating to pension activities Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from 1) changes in the District's proportional share of pension liabilities; 2) changes in actuarial assumptions; 3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and 4) differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The deferred inflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five year period. The remaining pension related deferred inflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.
- Deferred inflows of resources for post-employment benefits Reported in the government wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from 1) changes in actuarial assumptions and 2) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. These post-employment related deferred inflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with post-employment benefits through the post-employment benefit plan.

#### N. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### O. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### P. Fund Balance

The fund balance in governmental funds has been classified as follows to describe the nature and relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact. There is no amount of fund balance that is considered nonspendable at the end of the year.
- Restricted fund balance Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of local, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of
  decision-making authority (i.e. the Board of Trustees). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any
  other purposes unless the District takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. The
  District establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. The District has
  committed 100 percent of fund 461 Campus Activity Funds' fund balance as well as for future expenditures related to
  the purchase of band equipment, school buses, technology, instructional materials, and property insurance.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the
  District or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. The Board of Trustees has
  retained this authority. There is no amount of fund balance assigned at the end of the year.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees have provided otherwise in their commitment or assignment actions.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### P. Fund Balance (continued)

In the fund financial statements, certain governmental funds report restrictions of the entire fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Since the entire fund balance is restricted for these funds, all assets are in essence restricted for their specified purpose.

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted resources, it uses the restricted resources first unless unrestricted resources will have to be returned because they were not used.

#### Q. Net Position

Net Position on the Statement of Net Position includes the following:

- Net investment in capital assets this component of net position consists of capital assets, net accumulated
  depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are
  attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and
  deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or
  related debt will be included in this component of net position.
- Restricted for federal and state programs this component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets, which are restricted by federal and state granting agencies.
- Restricted for debt service this component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. The assets arise from bond issuances which have constraints placed on them by the bond covenants for the purpose of future debt service payments.
- Unrestricted net position this component of net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

#### R. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

In accordance with the Resource Guide, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which meets at least the minimum requirements prescribed by the Texas State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Resource Guide. Mandatory codes are recorded in the order provided in the Resource Guide.

## S. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

The District's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. State law and District policy limits credit risk by allowing investing in 1) Obligations of the United States or its agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) not less than A or its equivalent; 2) Certificates of deposit issued by a broker or depository located in Texas which is insured by the FDIC; 3) Repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies not to exceed 90 days to maturity from the date of purchase; 4) Bankers acceptances with a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer which are eligible for collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank; 5) No-load money market mutual funds which shall be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, investments comply with the Public Funds Investment Act and are continuously rated not less than AAA by at least one NRSRO; 6) A guaranteed investment contract (for bond proceeds only) which meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by the Public Funds Investment Act; 7) Public funds investment pools which meets the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; 8) Commercial paper if it has a stated maturity of 271 days or fewer from the day of its issuance; and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least: two nationally recognized credit ratings agencies; or one nationally recognized agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state; 9) Securities lending program as permitted by Government Code 2256.0115; 10) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements permitted by Government Code 2256.011.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1—that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

## Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund investments:

		Measurement Using									
	_ Jur	ne 30, 2023	Ac F	oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical sets ( Level 1)	Č	ificant Other Observable uts ( Level 2)	Unobs	ificant servable ( Level 3)	Percent of Total Investments	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)	Credit Risk
Investments measured at amortized cost, not su Investment pools:	bject to lev	el reporting:									
Lone Star Government Overnight Fund	\$	1,590,110	\$	1,590,110	\$	-	\$	-	2%	23	AAAm*
Investments measured at fair value, not subject to	level repor	ting:									
Investment pools:	·										
Texas CLASS		41,118,467		41,118,467		-		-	43%	45	AAAm*
Texas Range		41,300,000		41,300,000		-		-	43%	28	AAAm*
TexasDAILY		8,841,258		8,841,258		-		-	9%	28	AAAm*
Money market mutual funds		12,859		12,859		-		-	0%	1	Not Rated
Investments measured at fair value, subject to leve	el reporting	:									
U.S. Treasury Notes		2,241,220		-		2,241,220		-	2%	159	AA+*
Municipal Bonds		600,000		-		600,000			1%	1	AA+*
Total investments		95,703,914	\$	92,862,694	\$	2,841,220	\$		100%		
Cash and checking accounts		4,096,080									
Total cash and cash equivalents and investments	\$	99,799,994									
Portfolio weighted average maturity										38	

<sup>\*</sup> Standard & Poor's Rating

The Lone Star Government Overnight Fund and Texas DAILY investment pools are external investment pools measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, investment pools must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pools transact at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, have weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. These investment pools have a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

The Texas CLASS and Texas Range investment pools are external investment pools measured at fair value, i.e. their net asset value. Such investment pool's strategy are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The District has no unfunded commitments related to the investment pools. Such investment pools have a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Money Market Mutual Funds are Institutional Prime and Institutional Tax Exempt money market mutual funds required to price and transact at a net asset value per share that fluctuate based upon the pricing of the underlying portfolio of securities. Such funds are not subject to level reporting of the fair value hierarchy.

Municipal bonds and federal agencies are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

## Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

At year-end, the District's investments with ratings are included in the table above. Certificates of deposit are fully insured through FDIC. The credit risk for investments was acceptable per legal guidelines prescribed in both the PFIA and the District's investment policy.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the District reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of any internally created pool to no more than 180 days, and any other individual investment not to exceed three years from the time of purchase, unless specifically authorized by the Board of Trustees.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The District's investment policy does not limit an investment in any one issuer.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2023, District's banks' balances of \$5,755,70 were not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured and collateralized with securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

## **Custodial Credit Risk - Investments**

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. District policy requires investments to be in the District's name or held by the District's agent in the District's name. The District is not exposed to custodial risk due to the investments are in the District's name or held by the District's agent in the District's name.

#### Note 3 - Receivables and Unearned Revenues

Receivables as of year-end for the District's individual major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		eneral Fund		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Property taxes		871,281	\$	678,303	\$	- runus	<u> </u>	2,549,584
Due from other governments		325,232	ڔ	-	ڔ	1,449,663	ڔ	2,774,895
Other receivables		16,541		-		-		16,541
Gross Receivables	3,	213,054		678,303		1,449,663		5,341,020
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(	374,256)		(135,661)		-		(509,917)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 2.	838,798	Ś	542,642	Ś	1,449,663	Ś	4,831,103
NEL TOTAL RECEIVABLES	<u> </u>	838,798	<u> </u>	542,642	<u> </u>	1,449,663	<u> </u>	4,831,103

## Note 3 - Receivables and Unearned Revenues (continued)

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period or in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, District reported unearned revenues in the governmental funds in the amount of \$283,143, for grant funds received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:	_		_	
Land	\$ 11,197,494	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,197,494
Construction in progress	368,627	10,411,335	(546,021)	10,233,941
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	11,566,121	10,411,335	(546,021)	21,431,435
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized		_		
Buildings and improvements	367,888,506	268,574	546,021	368,703,101
Furniture and equipment	20,546,932	2,070,295	-	22,617,227
Intangibles	400,000	-	-	400,000
Right to use leased assets	427,529	-	-	427,529
SBITA assets	_	334,347	-	334,347
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized	389,262,967	2,673,216	546,021	392,482,204
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(72,436,594)	(7,913,179)	-	(80,349,773)
Furniture and equipment	(14,883,850)	(1,261,174)	-	(16,145,024)
Intangibles	(96,670)	(20,000)	-	(116,670)
Right to use leased assets	(136,739)	(136,739)	-	(273,478)
SBITA assets	 -	(65,888)	 -	(65,888)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	 (87,553,853)	 (9,396,980)	 -	(96,950,833)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	301,709,114	(6,723,764)	 546,021	 295,531,371
Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 313,275,235	\$ 3,687,571	\$ 	\$ 316,962,806
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 15,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,831
Total capital assets, being depreciated	15,831		 	15,831
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	 (15,831)	 	 -	 (15,831)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (15,831)	 	 	 (15,831)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 	 	 	 -
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -

## Note 4 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Function	Depreciation/ Amortization Expense			
Instruction	\$ 5,153,062			
Instructional resources and media services	131,403			
Curriculum and staff development	260,107			
Instructional leadership	103,649			
School leadership	417,749			
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	272,128			
Health services	72,739			
Student transportation	328,419			
Food Services	457,541			
Extracurricular activities	537,542			
General administration	371,453			
Plant maintenance and operations	1,051,280			
Security and monitoring services	69,829			
Data processing services	163,169			
Community services	 6,910			
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 9,396,980			

The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. The projects include the construction of new facilities as well as major renovations and additions to existing facilities. As of June 30, 2023, construction in progress totaled \$10,233,941 Open commitments to contractors totaled \$1.0 million for the administration building project.

The calculation of Net Investments in Capital Assets as presented at Exhibit A-1 is as follows:

Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization	\$ 316,962,806
Less bonds payable	(244,714,935)
Less unamortized premium/discount on bonds	(25,542,998)
Less other debt to acquire capital assets	(807,210)
Plus deferred charges on refunding	9,146,037
Plus unspent bond proceeds	 6,899,979
Net investment in capital assets per exhibit A-1	\$ 61,943,679

#### Note 5 - Lease Liabilities

The District has several agreements to lease copiers and printers. As of June 30, 2023 the value of the lease liability was \$160,386. The lease agreements require monthly payments in the amounts ranging from \$432 to \$5,590 and mature in fiscal years 2023-2025. The leases qualifies as other than short-term leases as defined by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 ("GASB 87"). Therefore, the District has recorded right to use leased assets and the lease liability at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability. The lease liability was measured at a discount rate of 4.114%%. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

## Note 5 - Lease Liabilities (continued)

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2023, follow:

Fiscal Year						Total	
Ending June 30,	F	Principal	In	terest	Requirements		
2024	\$	93,773	\$	4,507	\$	98,280	
2025		61,043		1,457		62,500	
2026		5,570		19		5,589	
Totals	\$	160,386	\$	5,983	\$	166,369	

#### Note 6 - SBITA Liabilities

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into several SBITA agreements for the acquisition of educational/financial software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$334,347 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$270,052. The District is required to make monthly payments in the amounts ranging from \$331 to \$2,799 and mature in fiscal years 2026 - 2027. The SBITAs have an interest rate of 2%. The value of the SBITA asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$334,347. and had accumulated amortization of \$65,888. There are no commitments under SBITAs before the commencement of the subscription term.

The future principal and interest SBITA payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Fiscal Year						Total	
Ending June 30,	<u></u>	Principal	<u>Ir</u>	iterest	Requirements		
2024	\$	102,689	\$	4,463	\$	107,152	
2025		89,925		2,501		92,426	
2026		66,615		842		67,457	
2027		10,823		109		10,932	
Totals	\$	270,052	\$	7,915	\$	277,967	

#### Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that result primarily from payroll, warehouse ordering and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Interfund eceivables		Interfund Payables
Governmental funds:			
General fund	\$ 1,327,946	\$	-
Capital projects fund	16,154		-
Nonmajor governmental funds	467,403		1,996,254
Total governmental funds	1,811,503		1,996,254
Enterprise funds: Nonmajor enterprise funds	260,494		75,743
Total enterprise funds	260,494		75,743
Total - All Funds	\$ 2,071,997	\$	2,071,997

## Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

Interfund transfers are defined as "flows of assets without equivalent flow of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment." Transfers are the use of funds collected in one fund and are transferred to finance various programs accounted for in other funds. The following is a summary of the District's transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

Funds	Tr	ansfer In	Tr	ansfer Out
General fund	\$	461,871	\$	99,476
Nonmajor governmental funds		4,042		20,861
Nonmajor enterprise funds		586,575		932,151
Totals	\$	1,052,488	\$	1,052,488

The District operates a day-care center and after-school child care program for the benefit of employees. The District contributes \$25/month/employee to offset the employee cost of the after-school program. The transfer of \$95,434 from the general fund to the nonmajor enterprise funds represents the proceeds from employee child care deductions during the fiscal year that will be accounted for and expended from the Child Development Center. Another \$4,042 was transferred from the general fund to nonmajor governmental funds to eliminate various balances in closed grant funds.

Transfers of \$20,861 were made from the nonmajor governmental funds to the general fund to close out dormant local grant funds with no responsibility to return those funds to prior donors.

Transfers totaling \$932,151 were from nonmajor enterprise funds. A total of \$491,141 was transferred between the nonmajor enterprise funds representing profits from Community Services programs to subsidize losses in the fund for the Child Development Center. Another \$441,010 was transferred from the nonmajor enterprise funds to the general fund representing net proceeds from the rental of district facilities to external organizations during the fiscal year.

## Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, leases and notes payable. The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. The current requirements for leases and notes payable are accounted for in the General Fund.

## **Changes in Long-term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Beginning Balance		Additions	Retirements		Er	nding Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:											
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds	\$ 264,50	4,935	\$	\$	(19,790,000)	\$	244,714,935	\$	11,475,000		
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	•	3,572	58,419		-		5,631,991		-		
Issuance premiums Total bonds payable	28,47 298,55		58,419		(2,934,972) (22,724,972)		25,542,998 275,889,924		11,475,000		
Notes payable	19	7,111	376,772		(197,111)		376,772		125,590		
Lease liabilities SBITA liabilities	29	6,700	334,347		(136,314) (64,295)		160,386 270,052		93,773 102,689		
	-		334,347		(04,233)		270,032		102,003		
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 299,05	0,288	\$ 769,538	\$	(23,122,692)	\$	276,697,134	\$	11,797,052		

## Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These are issued as current interest bonds and term bonds with various amounts of principal maturing each year.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rate	<b>Amounts Original</b>							
Series	Payable	Issue	<b>Maturity Date</b>	Beg	ginning Balance	 Additions	Reductions	E	nding Balance
2012A REF	2.00-3.00%	8,785,000	8/15/2026	\$	1,480,000	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$	1,460,000
2013 REF	1.125-5.00%	15,500,000	8/15/2030		1,070,000	-	(1,070,000)		-
2014 BLDG & REF	2.00-5.00%	163,475,000	2/15/2044		23,355,000	-	(16,555,000)		6,800,000
2018 BLDG	3.00-5.00%	100,720,000	2/15/2048		100,590,000	-	(1,125,000)		99,465,000
2019 BLDG	3.00-5.00%	20,210,000	2/15/2044		20,210,000	-	(575,000)		19,635,000
2020 REF	1.492-5.00%	117,970,000	2/15/2044		116,515,000	-	(445,000)		116,070,000
2020 REF CAB	1.492-5.00%	1,284,935	2/15/2027		1,284,935	 -	 		1,284,935
Totals				\$	264,504,935	\$ -	\$ (19,790,000)	\$	244,714,935

The District has also defeased general obligation bonds in the current year by placing the proceeds of bonds and the District's own resources into an irrevocable trust account to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, that trust account assets and the liabilities for those defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2023, \$124,330,000 of defeased bonds remain outstanding. The Series 2014 School Building and Refunding Bonds totaling \$123,440,000 was defeased as of June 30, 2023. Of the defeased amount, \$108,780,000 was a result of the Taxable Series 2020 refunding bonds, \$4,915,000 from the cash defeasance closed on June 22, 2022, and \$9,745,000 from the cash defeasance closed on June 6, 2023. Additionally, the Series 2018 Tax School Building Bonds totaling \$890,000 is from the cash defeasance closed on June 6, 2023

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Totals
2024	\$ 11,475,000	\$ 9,325,209	\$ 20,800,209
2025	3,370,000	8,814,859	12,184,859
2026	3,525,000	8,659,159	12,184,159
2027	5,414,935	14,494,573	19,909,508
2028	11,820,000	8,283,009	20,103,009
2029-2033	67,170,000	33,000,197	100,170,197
2034-2038	46,190,000	24,366,989	70,556,989
2039-2043	55,050,000	15,819,894	70,869,894
2044-2048	40,700,000	5,461,208	46,161,208
Totals	\$ 244,714,935	\$ 128,225,097	\$ 372,940,032

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management of the District has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2023.

## Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

## **Deferred Charge on Refunding**

The balance of deferred charge on refunding at June 30, 2023 is presented as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

	Beginning	Def	erred Charge			Ending
	 Balance	on	New Issues	R	etirements	Balance
Deferred charge on refunding	\$ 10,362,462	\$	-	\$	(1,216,425)	\$ 9,146,037
	\$ 10,362,462	\$	-	\$	(1,216,425)	\$ 9,146,037

#### **Notes Payable**

The District issued notes to provide new buses for public transportation which have been paid off as of June 30, 2023. During the current fiscal year, the District entered into a three-year agreement for the acquisition of technology hardware. An initial liability was recorded in the amount of \$376,772 in the current fiscal year. The following is a summary of changes in the notes payable for the fiscal year:

	Interest			В	eginning					
Issue	Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date		Balance	 Additions	R	eductions	End	ling Balance
School bus note agreement (6)	2.55%	731,848	2023	\$	185,607	\$ -	\$	(185,607)	\$	-
School bus note agreements (5)	3.85%	535,136	2023		11,504	-		(11,504)		-
Technology hardware agreements	0.00%	376,771	2026		-	 376,772				376,772
Totals				\$	197,111	\$ 376,772	\$	(197,111)	\$	376,772

Annual debt service requirements for the notes payable are as follow:

					Total	
<u>F</u>	Principal	lr	nterest	Requirements		
\$	125,590	\$	-	\$	125,590	
	125,590		-		125,590	
	125,592		_		125,592	
\$	376,772	\$	-	\$	376,772	
	\$	125,590 125,592	\$ 125,590 \$ 125,590 125,592	\$ 125,590 \$ - 125,590 - 125,592 -	\$ 125,590 \$ - \$ 125,590 - 125,592 -	

## Note 9 - Revenues from Local, Intermediate, and Out of State Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

					Nonmajor vernmental	
	General	 ebt Service	Capi	tal Projects	 Funds	 Totals
Property taxes	\$ 89,402,665	\$ 33,171,710	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 122,574,375
Investment earnings	2,515,205	1,009,174		525,338	67,323	4,117,040
Charges for services	1,476,141	-		-	3,586,266	5,062,407
Other	 1,125,700			-	 2,287,529	3,413,229
Totals	\$ 94,519,711	\$ 34,180,884	\$	525,338	\$ 5,941,118	\$ 135,167,051

#### Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### A. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### B. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2022.pdf, or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### C. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

#### D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

## Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

## D. Contributions (continued)

	Contribut	tion Rates
	2023	2022
Member	8.00%	8.00%
Non-employer contributing agency	8.00%	7.50%
Employers	8.00%	7.50%

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

	Curre	ent Fiscal Year			
	Contributions				
District Contributions	\$	1,835,185			
Employee Contributions		4,633,625			
Non-employer Contributing Entity (State)		3,651,507			

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year, reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the
  retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative
  employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2022.

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on the actuarial valuation performed as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Component	Result
Valuation Date	August 31, 2021, rolled forward to August 31, 2022
<b>Actuarial Cost Method</b>	Individual Entry Age Normal
<b>Asset Valuation Method</b>	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term Expected Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of	3.91% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield
August 2020	Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only
	federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-
	Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Last year ending August 31 in	2121
Projection Period	2121
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Benefit changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment	None
benefit changes	None
	^ Source: p.87 of 2022 TRS ACFR

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31,2021. For a full description of these assumptions see the actuarial valuation report described the 2022 TRS ACFR, which includes actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

#### F. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## F. Discount Rate (continued)

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

		Long-Term	Expected
		Expected	Contribution
	_	Arithmetic	to Long-Term
	Target	Real Rate	Portfolio
Asset Class	Allocation <sup>2</sup>	of Return <sup>3</sup>	Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.60%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.40%	0.75%
Private Equity <sup>1</sup>	14.00%	7.70%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.00%	0.22%
Absolute Return <sup>1</sup>	0.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.40%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.10%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources			
and Infrastructure	6.00%	5.10%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.60%	0.43%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	3.60%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation			2.70%
Volatility Drag <sup>4</sup>			-0.91%
Expected Return	100.00%		8.21%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Target allocations are based on the fiscal year 2022 policy model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt as of August 31, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

## **G.** Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Discount Rate								
	1% Decrease (6.00%)			Current Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)			
District's proportional share of the									
net pension liability	\$	31,941,421	\$	20,532,909	\$	11,285,774			

## H. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$20,532,909 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 20,532,909
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 41,873,866
Total	\$ 62,406,775

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0346% which was an increase of 0.0031% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

The General and Special Revenue Funds are used to liquidate pension liabilities.

## **Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation:**

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

H. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

## Change Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,944,483. The District also recognized onbehalf pension expense and revenue of \$4,002,667 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	0	f Resources	0	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	297,726	\$	(447,656)
Changes of assumption		3,825,949		(953,533)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		2,028,585		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,636,924		(1,041,396)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,560,136		
Total	\$	10,349,320	\$	(2,442,585)
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,636,924 1,560,136	\$	

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$1,560,136 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	Pension Expense
2024	\$ 1,795,572
2025	1,074,640
2026	318,059
2027	2,631,092
2028	527,236
	\$ 6,346,599

## Note 11 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### A. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRSCare program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

#### **B. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2022.pdf, or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### C. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

**TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates** 

	Me	Medicare		Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree oe Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Familty		1,020		999

## Note 11 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

#### D. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contribution Rates				
	Measurement Year				
	2023	2022			
Member	0.65%	0.65%			
Non-employer contributing agency	1.25%	1.25%			
Employers	0.75%	0.75%			
Federal/private funding	1.25%	1.25%			

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

	Current Fiscal Year			
	Contribution			
District Contributions	\$	468,714		
Employee Contributions		375,047		
Non-employer Contributing Entity (State)		999,675		

## **E.** Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022: (a) Rates of Mortality, (b) Rates of Retirement, (c) Rates of Termination, (d) Rates of Disability, (e) General Inflation, (f) Wage Inflation, and (g) Expected Payroll Growth.

## Note 11 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Component	Result
Valuation Date	August 31, 2021, rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claim costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	The initial medical trend rates were 8.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for non-Medicare retirees. The initial prescription drug trend was 8.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 62% participation rate prior to age 65 and 25% participation rate after age 65.  Pre-65 retirees: 30% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None A Source: n 77 of 2022 TBS A CER
	^ Source: p.77 of 2022 TRS ACFR

#### F. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. There was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the nonemployer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2022 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2022 using the fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

## Note 11 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

#### F. Discount Rate (continued)

Discount Rate - The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	Discount Rate					
		1% Decrease (2.91%)		Current Rate (3.91%)		1% Increase (4.91%)
District's proportional share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	14,874,880	\$	12,615,674	\$	10,785,427

## G. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$12,615,674 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 12,615,674
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	15,389,141
Total	\$ 28,004,815

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the District's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0527% which was an increase of 0.0033% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate					
	1	1% Decrease Current Rate			:	L% Increase
District's proportional share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	10,395,372	\$	12,615,674	\$	15,494,010

The General and Special Revenue Funds are used to liquidate OPEB liabilities.

#### Changes since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change
decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

## Note 11 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

## G. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (continued)

#### Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$567,908. The District also recognized an additional negative on-behalf expense and revenue of \$2,183,843 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	0	f Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	701,387	\$	(10,509,989)
Changes of assumption		1,921,617		(8,764,620)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		37,579		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,264,954		(411,557)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		391,626		-
Total	\$	9,317,163	\$	(19,686,166)

The \$391,626 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	OPEB Expense
2024	\$ (2,005,092)
2025	(2,004,958)
2026	(1,469,973)
2027	(745,687)
2028	(1,445,542)
Thereafter	(3,089,377)
	\$ (10,760,629)

#### H. Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, effective. January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on-behalf of the District were \$314,277, \$222,955, and \$217,965, respectively. The information for the year ended June 30, 2023 is an estimate provided by the Teacher Retirement System. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[NUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[DUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

## **DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Net change in fund balances

**Fund Balances - Beginning** 

**Fund Balances - Ending** 

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Variance with **Budgeted Amounts** Original **Final Actual** Final Budget Revenues 94,519,711 \$ Local revenues 88,299,810 93,338,942 1,180,769 11,546,181 12,350,979 12,364,341 13,362 State program revenues 570,000 570,000 1,204,663 634,663 Federal program revenues **Total Revenues** 100,415,991 106,259,921 108,088,715 1,828,794 **Expenditures Current:** Instruction 48,816,272 49,670,852 47,817,311 1,853,541 Instructional resources and media services 850,651 1,040,626 923,190 117,436 Curriculum and staff development 1,845,641 1,727,899 1,360,034 367,865 Instructional leadership 1,217,762 221,092 1,403,465 1,182,373 School leadership 4,068,794 346,085 3,602,516 3,722,709 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services 2,321,013 3,023,262 2,826,900 196,362 Health services 824,569 946,106 892,106 54,000 Student transportation 4,360,620 4,572,912 3,827,470 745,442 Food services 232,888 232,888 Extracurricular activities 3,191,022 2,600,941 235,475 2,955,547 General administration 3,450,861 4,142,589 3,841,614 300,975 Facilities maintenance and operations 8,032,305 8,746,842 8,490,746 256,096 Security and monitoring services 574,617 714,310 418,830 295,480 Data processing services 1,639,942 1,868,590 1,718,823 149,767 Community services 3,780 73,015 34,142 38,873 **Debt Service** Principal on long-term debt 190,340 744,044 349,214 394,830 Interest on long-term debt 860 (860)Capital outlay: Facilities acquisition and construction 747,607 228,653 518,954 Intergovernmental: Contracted instructional services 20,028,830 25,000,000 640,037 24,359,963 Payments to Appraisal District 700,000 828,915 782,597 46,318 **Total Expenditures** 101,060,660 112,743,738 105,733,082 7,010,656 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (644,669)(6,483,817)2,355,633 8,839,450 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from leases 97,736 97,736 Proceeds from notes payable 376,772 376,771 1 Transfers in 461,871 461,871 Transfers out (206,412)(206,412)(99,476)106,936 Other uses (128,556)(128,556)(206,412)170,359 **Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)** 708,347 537,988

(851,081)

47,077,719

46,226,638

(6,313,458)

47,077,719

40,764,261

3,063,980

47,077,719

50.141.699

9,377,438

9.377.438

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

**Last Nine Measurement Years** 

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0346%	0.0315%	0.0294%	0.0340%	0.0308%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 20,532,909	\$ 8,011,611	\$ 15,752,868	\$ 17,662,278	\$ 16,978,784
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability					
associated with the District	41,873,866	18,082,087	36,595,344	32,133,502	32,388,621
Total	\$ 62,406,775	\$ 26,093,698	\$ 52,348,212	\$ 49,795,780	\$ 49,367,405
	Ψ 02,100,113	<del>Ţ 20,033,030</del>	ψ 32,3 10,212	<del>\$ 13,733,700</del>	<del>\$ 13,307,103</del>
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 54,004,786	\$ 49,166,947	\$ 46,026,171	\$ 43,608,941	\$ 37,988,381
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	38.0%	16.3%	34.2%	40.5%	44.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.65%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0262%	0.0257%	0.0255%	0.0140%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,382,196	\$ 9,728,215	\$ 9,015,431	\$ 3,744,349	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability					
associated with the District	17,797,416	20,543,877	18,646,405	15,412,537	
Total	\$ 26,179,612	\$ 30,272,092	\$ 27,661,836	\$ 19,156,886	
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 33,272,798	\$ 31,412,048	\$ 28,723,431	\$ 26,319,795	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	25.2%	31.0%	31.4%	14.2%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%	

The amounts presented for the plan's measurement year, which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.

Ten years of data is not available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 1,835,185 (1,835,185)	\$ 1,695,317 (1,695,317)	\$ 1,329,641 (1,329,641)	\$ 1,219,532 (1,219,532)	\$ 1,167,014 (1,167,014)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 57,711,755	\$ 53,154,608	\$ 48,419,512	\$ 45,564,769	\$ 42,985,292
covered payroll	3.18%	3.19%	2.75%	2.68%	2.71%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the	\$ 1,000,556	\$ 848,471	\$ 807,576	\$ 687,849	
contractually required contributions	(1,000,556)	(848,471)	(807,576)	(687,849)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 37,089,075	\$ 32,874,150	\$ 30,989,263	\$ 28,281,694	

The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end. Ten years of data is not available.

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

For the Last Six Measurement Years

	2022	2021	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0527%	0.0494%	0.0473%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 12,615,674	\$ 19,058,197	\$ 17,988,766
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	15,389,141	25,533,737	24,172,589
Total	\$ 28,004,815	\$ 44,591,934	\$ 42,161,355
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 54,004,786	\$ 49,166,947	\$ 46,026,171
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	23.4%	38.8%	39.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	<b>2019</b> 0.0483%	<b>2018</b> 0.0439%	<b>2017</b> 0.0366%
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability  District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 22,840,509	\$ 21,914,949	\$ 15,936,476
	. , ,		, ,
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	30,349,927 \$ 53,190,436	33,497,295 \$ 55,412,244	27,089,755 \$ 43,026,231
10.01	3 33,130,430	<del>→</del> → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	<del>→ +3,020,231</del>
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 43,608,941	\$ 37,988,381	\$ 33,272,798
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	52.4%	57.7%	47.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

The amounts presented for the plan's measurement year, which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year. Ten years of data is not available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS Last Six Fiscal Years

	2023	 2022	2021
Contractually required contributions	\$ 468,714	\$ 458,400	\$ 384,873
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(468,714)	(458,400)	(384,873)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _
District's covered payroll	\$ 57,711,755	\$ 53,154,608	\$ 48,419,512
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.81%	0.86%	0.79%
	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 359,606	\$ 334,495	\$ 282,287
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	 (359,606)	(334,495)	 (282,287)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
District's covered payroll	\$ 45,564,769	\$ 42,985,292	\$ 37,089,075
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.79%	0.78%	0.76%

The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end. Ten years of data is not available.

### Note 1. Budget

#### **Budgetary Information**

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the general fund, debt service fund, and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than June 19 and adopted by June 30 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to June 19 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is formally approved and adopted by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus or department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses or departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District had no expenditures that exceeded appropriations.

### Note 2. Net Pension Liability

### **Changes of Assumptions**

The single discount of 7.00 percent was used as of August 31, 2022.

It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.5 percent in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years.

The public education employer contribution rate changed from 1.6% in 2021 to 1.7% in 2022.

### Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### Other Information

Effective September 1, 2014, employers who did not contribute to Social Security for TRS-eligible employees were required to contribute an additional 1.5% of TRS-eligible compensation which nearly doubled the District's contributions into the Plan. Because the District's proportional share of the plan is determined by its proportional share of contributions, the District recognized a corresponding increase in its share of net pension liability.

### Note 3. Net OPEB Liability

### **Changes of Assumptions**

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

• The discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

• There were no changes in benefit terms since prior measurement date.

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[SUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

**OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

Exhibit H-1 Page 1 of 8

211 224

225

226

Data									
Control		ESI	EA Title I,	ID	EA-Part B,	IDEA	-Part B,	ID	EA-Part B,
Codes	_		Part A		Formula	Pre	school	Dis	cretionary
	Assets								
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
1120	Investments		-		-		-		-
1240	Due from other governments		50,440		247,194		-		215,467
1260	Due from other funds		-		23,804		154		-
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		-		-		-
1410	Prepaid items								
1000	Total Assets	\$	50,440	\$	270,998	\$	154	\$	215,467
	Liabilities and Fund Balances								
	Liabilities:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2150	Payroll deduction and								
	withholdings payable		1,863		24,712		-		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		20,883		86,851		-		-
2170	Due to other funds		27,694		159,435		154		118,949
2180	Due to other governments		-		-		-		96,518
2300	Unearned revenues				-				-
2000	Total Liabilities		50,440		270,998		154		215,467
	Fund Balance:								
	Nonspendable:								
3410	Investments in inventories		_		_		_		_
3410	Restricted:								
3450	Grants		_		_		_		_
3430	Committed:								
3545	Other purposes		_		_		_		_
3000	Total Fund Balances								
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		FO 440	<u>,</u>	270.000	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	215 467
-1000	TOTAL LIADINITIES AND FUND BAIANCES	\$	50,440	\$	270,998	\$	154	\$	215,467

Exhibit H-1 Page 2 of 8

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

240 244 255 263

Data Control Codes	-	В	tional School reakfast & Lunch Program	Te	reer and chnical - sic Grant	ES	EA Title II, Part A	Title	III, Part A
	Assets								
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	316,213	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
1120	Investments		1,967,316		-		-		-
1240	Due from other governments		-		1,237		13,330		6,073
1260	Due from other funds		351,796		-		-		3,359
1310	Inventories, at cost		25,215		-		-		-
1410	Prepaid items								
1000	Total Assets	\$	2,660,540	\$	1,237	\$	13,330	\$	9,432
2110 2150 2160 2170	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll deduction and withholdings payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds	\$	39,846 19,768 162,763 735,397	\$	- - - 1,237	\$	- - - 13,330	\$	- - - 9,432
2180	Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
2300	Unearned revenues		200,688		-				
2000	Total Liabilities		1,158,462		1,237		13,330		9,432
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:								
3410	Investments in inventories Restricted:		25,215		-		-		-
3450	Grants Committed:		1,476,863		-		-		-
3545	Other purposes		-		-				
3000	<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		1,502,078		-				
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,660,540	\$	1,237	\$	13,330	\$	9,432

## DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

			279	281			282		283				
Data Control Codes		Acc Su (T	Learning Secondary Acceleration School Supports Emergency		Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II		Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II		Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II		mentary & econdary School nergency ief Fund III ESSER III)	Supplemental Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	
1110	Assets  Cash and each aguivalents	¢		۲.		۲		Ļ					
1110 1120	Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
1240	Due from other governments		56,199		85,066		9,976		526,756				
1260	Due from other funds		-		-		-		-				
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		-		-		-				
1410	Prepaid items		-		-		117,753						
1000	Total Assets	\$	56,199	\$	85,066	\$	127,729	\$	526,756				
	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities:												
2110	Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	Ś	295				
2150	Payroll deduction and	*		*		*		*					
	withholdings payable		151		-		_		-				
2160	Accrued wages payable		5,985		-		-		-				
2170	Due to other funds		50,063		85,066		127,729		501,188				
2180	Due to other governments		-		-		-		25,273				
2300	Unearned revenues				-								
2000	Total Liabilities		56,199		85,066		127,729		526,756				
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:												
3410	Investments in inventories Restricted:		-		-		-		-				
3450	Grants Committed:		-		-		-		-				
3545	Other purposes		-		-		_						
3000	Total Fund Balances												
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	56,199	\$	85,066	\$	127,729	\$	526,756				

Exhibit H-1 Page 4 of 8

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

284 285 289 385

Data Control Codes		IDEA-Part B, Formula - ARRA			PEA-Part reschool - ARPA	Miscellaneous Federal Programs		State Supplemental Visually Impaired (SSVI)	
1110	Assets	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>		ć		<u> </u>	
1110	Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
1120 1240			- 148,176		1 166				-
1240	Due from other governments  Due from other funds		148,176		1,466		525		6,264
1310	Inventories, at cost		007		-		-		-
1410	Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	148,843	\$	1,466	\$	525	\$	6,264
1000	Total Assets	<u> </u>	140,043	<u> </u>	1,400	<u> </u>	323	<u> </u>	0,204
	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	37,524	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
2150	Payroll deduction and	,	0 1 /0 = 1	,		*		,	
	, withholdings payable		-		-		-		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		-		-		-
2170	Due to other funds		111,319		1,466		525		5,818
2180	Due to other governments		-		-		-		446
2300	Unearned revenues		-		-		-		
2000	Total Liabilities		148,843		1,466		525		6,264
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:								
3410	Investments in inventories Restricted:		-		-		-		-
3450	Grants		-		-		-		-
	Committed:								
3545	Other purposes		_						
3000	<b>Total Fund Balances</b>						-		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	148,843	\$	1,466	\$	525	\$	6,264

Exhibit H-1 Page 5 of 8

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

392 397 410 426

Data Control Codes	<u>-</u>	Noneducational Advanced Community - Placement Based Support Incentives		N	tructional Naterials Notment	Ex Awa	s Educator cellence ard Grant rogram	
	Assets				_			
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	178	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
1120	Investments		-	121		-		-
1240	Due from other governments		1,836	-		-		10,474
1260	Due from other funds		-	-		19,976		-
1310	Inventories, at cost		-	-		-		-
1410	Prepaid items		-	 -	_	20,615	_	-
1000	Total Assets	\$	2,014	\$ 121	\$	40,591	\$	10,474
	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities:							
2110	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
2150	Payroll deduction and							
	withholdings payable		-	-		-		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		-	-		-		-
2170	Due to other funds		2,014	121		-		10,474
2180	Due to other governments		-	-		-		-
2300	Unearned revenues					38,363		
2000	Total Liabilities		2,014	 121		38,363		10,474
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:							
3410	Investments in inventories Restricted:		-	-		-		-
3450	Grants		-	-		2,228		-
	Committed:							
3545	Other purposes							
3000	Total Fund Balances		-	_		2,228		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,014	\$ 121	\$	40,591	\$	10,474

## DRIPPING SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Exhibit H-1 Page 6 of 8

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2023

427 461 481 483

Data Control Codes	<u>-</u>	_Stat	e Funded	Ac	Campus tivity Funds	larcos Civic undation	Fo	DSISD ducation oundation Grant #1
	Assets							
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	942,172	\$ 3,084	\$	226,570
1120	Investments		-		-	-		-
1240	Due from other governments		69,184		-	-		<u>-</u>
1260	Due from other funds		-		59,106	-		7,858
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		-	-		-
1410	Prepaid items		83	_	<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
1000	Total Assets	\$	69,267	\$	1,001,278	\$ 3,084	\$	234,428
2110 2150	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll deduction and withholdings payable	\$	42,500	\$	3,394 160	\$ -	\$	3,954 855
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		3,658	-		19,684
2170	Due to other funds		26,767		-	1,810		-
2180	Due to other governments		-		568	-		-
2300	Unearned revenues							17,124
2000	Total Liabilities		69,267		7,780	 1,810		41,617
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:							
3410	Investments in inventories Restricted:		-		-	-		-
3450	Grants Committed:		-		-	1,274		192,811
3545	Other purposes				993,498			_
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		993,498	1,274		192,811
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	69,267	\$	1,001,278	\$ 3,084	\$	234,428

Exhibit H-1 Page 7 of 8

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

484 486 491 498

Data Control Codes	_	lly Funded Grant	E	alition of ssential Schools	Ed: Fou	OSISD ucation ndation ant #2	 D Relief unds
	Assets						
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,785	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$ -
1120	Investments	-		-		-	-
1240	Due from other governments	-		-		-	-
1260	Due from other funds	-		-		579	104
1310	Inventories, at cost	-		-		-	-
1410	Prepaid items	 					 
1000	Total Assets	\$ 8,785	\$	2,000	\$	579	\$ 104
2110 2150	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll deduction and withholdings payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
2160	Accrued wages payable	-		-		-	-
2170	Due to other funds	350		-		579	104
2180	Due to other governments	-		-		-	-
2300	Unearned revenues	 4,468					 -
2000	Total Liabilities	 4,818		-		579	 104
3410	Fund Balance:  Nons pendable:  Investments in inventories	-		-		-	-
	Restricted:						
3450	Grants	3,967		-		-	-
	Committed:						
3545	Other purposes			2,000			
3000	Total Fund Balances	 3,967		2,000			 -
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8,785	\$	2,000	\$	579	\$ 104

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

499

Data Control Codes	_	S	ly Funded pecial nue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
	Assets				_		
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,233	\$	1,504,235		
1120	Investments		-		1,967,437		
1240	Due from other governments		-		1,449,663		
1260	Due from other funds		-		467,403		
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		25,215		
1410	Prepaid items				138,451		
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,233	\$	5,552,404		
2110 2150 2160 2170 2180 2300	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll deduction and withholdings payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenues	\$	- - - 5,233 -	\$	127,513 47,509 299,824 1,996,254 122,805 260,643		
2000	Total Liabilities		5,233		2,854,548		
3410	Fund Balance:  Nonspendable:  Investments in inventories  Restricted:		-		25,215		
3450	Grants Committed:		-		1,677,143		
3545	Other purposes				995,498		
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		2,697,856		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,233	\$	5,552,404		

211 224 225 226

Data Control		ESEA Title I,	IDEA-Part B,	IDEA-Part B,	IDEA-Part B,
Codes	<del>-</del>	Part A	<u>Formula</u>	Preschool	Discretionary
	Revenues				
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues	-	-	-	-
5900	Federal program revenues	160,062	901,200	6,390	352,456
5020	Total Revenues	160,062	901,200	6,390	352,456
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	157,138	849,983	6,390	352,456
0012	Instruction resources and media services	-	-	-	-
	Curriculum and instructional				
0013	staff development	-	-	-	-
0021	Instructional leadership	2,924	1,396	-	-
0023	School leadership	-	-	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling and				
	evaluation services	-	49,821	-	-
0033	Health services	-	-	-	-
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	-	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-
0061	Community services	-	-	-	-
	Debt service:				
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-	-	-	-
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-
6030	Total Expenditures	160,062	901,200	6,390	352,456
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				·
	over (under) expenditures				
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs	_	_	_	_
7915	Transfers in	_	_	_	_
8911	Transfers out	_	_	_	_
7080	Total Other Financing Sources				
7000	Total Other Financing Sources				
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning				
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

240 244 255 263

Data	1		ional School reakfast &	Career and	_			
Control			Lunch	Technical -	E	SEA Title II,	Title III Dent A	
Codes	_ Revenues		Program	Basic Grant		Part A	I Itie I	II, Part A
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$	3,658,951	\$	- \$	_	\$	_
5800	State program revenues	ڔ	141,574	. ·	ر -		Ą	_
5900	Federal program revenues		363,192	40,393		99,907		38,436
5020	Total Revenues		4,163,717	40,393		99,907		38,436
3020	iotal nevenues	_	4,103,717	40,333	<u>,                                    </u>	33,307		38,430
	Expenditures							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		-	40,393	3	_		-
0012	Instruction resources and media services		-		-	-		-
	Curriculum and instructional							
0013	staff development		-		-	88,935		37,597
0021	Instructional leadership		-		-	10,972		771
0023	School leadership		-		-	-		-
0031	Guidance, counseling and							
	evaluation services		-		-	-		-
0033	Health services		-		-	-		-
0035	Food service		3,621,961		-	-		-
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-	-		-
0041	General administration		-		-	-		-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		-		-	-		-
0052	Security and monitoring services		-		-	-		-
0053	Data processing services		-		-	-		-
0061	Community services		-		-	-		68
	Debt service:							
0071	Principal on long-term debt		-		-	-		-
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction		27,654					
6030	Total Expenditures		3,649,615	40,393	<u> </u>	99,907		38,436
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
	over (under) expenditures		514,102					
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs		_		_	_		_
7915	Transfers in		_		_	_		3,359
8911	Transfers out		_		_	_		-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources						-	3,359
7080	Total Other Financing Sources							3,333
1200	Net change in fund balances		514,102		-	-		3,359
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		987,976					(3,359)
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,502,078	\$	- \$		\$	_

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		279	281	282	283	
Data Control Codes	_	Texas COVID Learning Acceleration Supports (TCLAS) - (ESSER III)	Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II (ESSER II)	Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III (ESSER III)	Supplemental Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund of the American Rescue Plan Acct of 2021	
5700	Revenues  Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
5800	State program revenues	, -	· ·	- -	· -	
5900	Federal program revenues	83,509	336,803	279,508	1,650,600	
5020	Total Revenues	83,509	336,803	279,508	1,650,600	
3020	iotal neveriues	63,309	330,803	279,308	1,030,000	
	Expenditures Current:					
0011	Instruction	-	246,559	239,826	1,096,247	
0012	Instruction resources and media services Curriculum and instructional	-	-	-	-	
0013	staff development	83,509	10,000	48,774	417,785	
0021	Instructional leadership	-	34,037	1,705	5,559	
0023	School leadership	-	5,064	-	-	
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	-	-	35,112	124,029	
0033	Health services	-	28,022	35,113	33,641	
0035	Food service	-	-	_	2,913	
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	1,009	-	-	
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	_	-	
0053	Data processing services	-	12,111	_	57,620	
0061	Community services	-	-	_	-	
	Debt service:					
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-	-	3,091	30,690	
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction				-	
6030	Total Expenditures	83,509	336,802	363,621	1,768,484	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
	over (under) expenditures		1	(84,113)	(117,884)	
7913	Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from SBITAs			84,113	117,884	
7915	Transfers in	-	-	04,113	117,004	
8911	Transfers out	_	_	_	_	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources			84,113	117,884	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources			84,113	117,884	
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	1	-	-	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		(1)			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

284 285 289 385

Data		IDEA-Part B, IDEA-Part		Miscellaneous	State Supplemental	
Control		Formula -	B,Preschool -	Federal	Visually	
Codes	_	ARRA	ARPA	Programs	Impaired (SSVI)	
	Revenues					
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
5800	State program revenues	-	-	-	3,968	
5900	Federal program revenues	221,452	3,386	14,810		
5020	Total Revenues	221,452	3,386	14,810	3,968	
	Expenditures					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	150,390	877	1,962	2,918	
0012	Instruction resources and media services	-	-	_,-,	-,	
	Curriculum and instructional					
0013	staff development	_	590	599	_	
0021	Instructional leadership	_	-	203	_	
0023	School leadership	_	_	-	_	
0031	Guidance, counseling and					
	evaluation services	71,062	1,919	6,210	_	
0033	Health services	-	-	-	1,050	
0035	Food service	-	_	5,836	-	
0036	Extracurricular activities	_	_	-	_	
0041	General administration	-	_	_	-	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	_	_	-	
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	_	_	-	
0053	Data processing services	-	_	_	-	
0061	Community services	-	_	_	-	
	Debt service:					
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-	_	_	-	
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	-	_	_	-	
6030	Total Expenditures	221,452	3,386	14,810	3,968	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
	over (under) expenditures					
	Other Financine Courses (11)					
7012	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs	-	-	-	-	
7915	Transfers in	-	-	- (45.507)	-	
8911	Transfers out			(15,507)		
7080	Total Other Financing Sources		· — -	(15,507)		
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	-	(15,507)	-	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning			15,507		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

392 397 410 426

Data Control		Noneducational Community -	Advanced Placement	Instructional Materials	Texas Educator Excellence Award Grant Program	
Codes		Based Support	Incentives	Allotment	Program	
	- Revenues					
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
5800	State program revenues	-	-	381,953	27,925	
5900	Federal program revenues	-	-	-	_	
5020	Total Revenues	_	-	381,953	27,925	
	Expenditures					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	-	-	399,614	7,925	
0012	Instruction resources and media services	-	-	-	-	
	Curriculum and instructional					
0013	staff development	-	-	-	20,000	
0021	Instructional leadership	-	-	-	-	
0023	School leadership	-	-	-	-	
0031	Guidance, counseling and					
	evaluation services	-	-	-	-	
0033	Health services	-	-	-	-	
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-	
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	-	-	-	
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-	
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-	
0061	Community services	-	-	-	-	
	Debt service:					
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-	-	14,725	-	
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction					
6030	Total Expenditures			414,339	27,925	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
	over (under) expenditures			(32,386)		
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs	-	-	34,614	-	
7915	Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
8911	Transfers out		(121)			
7080	Total Other Financing Sources		(121)	34,614		
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	(121)	2,228	-	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		121_			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,228	\$ -	

427 461 481 483

Data Control		5 5 . l. l	Campus	San Marcos Civic	San Marcos Civic		
Codes		State Funded	Activity Funds	Foundation	Foundation		
5700	Revenues	ć	\$ 1,841,215	\$ 33,028	\$ 402,393		
5800	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ - 183,120	\$ 1,041,215	\$ 33,028	\$ 402,393		
5900	State program revenues	165,120	-	-	-		
5020	Federal program revenues  Total Revenues	183,120	1,841,215	33,028	402,393		
3020	Total Revenues	183,120	1,041,215	33,028	402,393		
	Expenditures						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction	29,620	525,110	_	61,241		
0012	Instruction resources and media services	-	44,068	_	· -		
	Curriculum and instructional						
0013	staff development	153,500	20,020	19,940	-		
0021	Instructional leadership	-	-	13,088	-		
0023	School leadership	-	72,523	-	7,000		
0031	Guidance, counseling and						
	evaluation services	-	2,419	-	321,234		
0033	Health services	-	1,755	-	-		
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-		
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	690,199	-	11,081		
0041	General administration	-	14	-	-		
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	161,712	-	1,837		
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	38,017	-	-		
0053	Data processing services	-	17	-	-		
0061	Community services	-	-	-	-		
	Debt service:						
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-	-	-	-		
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction						
6030	Total Expenditures	183,120	1,555,854	33,028	402,393		
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
	over (under) expenditures		285,361				
7042	Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs	-	-	-	-		
7915	Transfers in	-	-	-	-		
8911	Transfers out						
7080	Total Other Financing Sources						
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	285,361	-	-		
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		708,137	1,274	192,811		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 993,498	\$ 1,274	\$ 192,811		

484 486 491 498

Data Control Codes		Locally Funded Grant		Coalition of Essential Schools	DSISD Education Foundation Grant #2	COVID Relief Funds	
	– Revenues				<u> </u>		
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ 2,933	9	\$ 2,598	\$ -	\$ -	
5800	State program revenues	-		-	-	-	
5900	Federal program revenues	-		-	-	-	
5020	Total Revenues	2,933		2,598			
	Expenditures						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction	1,433		598	-	-	
0012	Instruction resources and media services	-		-	-	-	
	Curriculum and instructional						
0013	staff development	-		-	-	-	
0021	Instructional leadership	-		-	-	-	
0023	School leadership	-		-	-	-	
0031	Guidance, counseling and						
	evaluation services	-		-	-	-	
0033	Health services	-		-	-	-	
0035	Food service	-		-	-	-	
0036	Extracurricular activities	1,500		-	-	-	
0041	General administration	-		-	-	-	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-		-	-	-	
0052	Security and monitoring services	-		-	-	-	
0053	Data processing services	-		-	-	-	
0061	Community services	-		-	-	-	
	Debt service:						
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-		-	-	-	
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction						
6030	Total Expenditures	2,933		598			
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
	over (under) expenditures	-		2,000			
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs	-		-	-	-	
7915	Transfers in	-		-	579	104	
8911	Transfers out						
7080	Total Other Financing Sources			-	579	104	
1200	Net change in fund balances	-		2,000	579	104	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	3,967		-	(579)	(104)	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,967		\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

499

Data Control Codes	- Revenues	Locally Funded Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
F700		¢	Ć F041 110
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ 5,941,118
5800	State program revenues	-	738,540
5900	Federal program revenues		4,552,104
5020	Total Revenues		11,231,762
	Expenditures		
	Current:		
0011	Instruction	-	4,170,680
0012	Instruction resources and media services	-	44,068
	Curriculum and instructional		
0013	staff development	-	901,249
0021	Instructional leadership	-	70,655
0023	School leadership	-	84,587
0031	Guidance, counseling and		
	evaluation services	-	611,806
0033	Health services	-	99,581
0035	Food service	-	3,630,710
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	702,780
0041	General administration	-	14
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	164,558
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	38,017
0053	Data processing services	-	69,748
0061	Community services	-	68
	Debt service:		
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-	48,506
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	-	27,654
6030	Total Expenditures		10,664,681
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
	over (under) expenditures	-	567,081
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
7913	Proceeds from SBITAs	-	236,611
7915	Transfers in	-	4,042
8911	Transfers out	(5,233)	(20,861)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources	(5,233)	219,792
1200	Net change in fund balances	(5,233)	786,873
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	5,233	1,910,983
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 2,697,856

711 712 715

	DSISD Day Care			DSISD ommunity vices Fund	DS	SISD Tiger Shack	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Assets								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	158,813	\$	530,204	\$	65,342	\$	754,359
Receivables:								
Due from other funds		-		260,494		-		260,494
Inventories, at cost		-		4		3,344		3,348
Total Current Assets		158,813		790,702		68,686		1,018,201
Non-current Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Furniture and equipment		-		15,831		-		15,831
Accumulated depreciation - buildings								
furniture and equipment		-		(15,831)		-		(15,831)
Total non-current assets		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	158,813	\$	790,702	\$	68,686	\$	1,018,201
Liabilities and Net Position								
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	483	\$	98,359	\$	-	\$	98,842
Payroll deductions payable		5,450		730		-		6,180
Accrued wages payable		63,725		12,863		-		76,588
Due to other funds		75,455		-		288		75,743
Unearned revenue		13,700		529,326		-		543,026
Total Current Liabilities		158,813		641,278		288		800,379
Total Liabilities		158,813		641,278		288		800,379
Net Position								
Unrestricted				149,424		68,398		217,822
Total Net Position		-	_	149,424		68,398		217,822
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	158,813	\$	790,702	\$	68,686	\$	1,018,201

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN PROPRIETARY FUNDS NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	711	712	715			
				Total		
				Nonmajor		
	DSISD Day	DSISD	DSISD Tiger	Enterprise		
	Care	Community	Shack	Funds		
Operating Revenues			4			
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 386,489	\$ 2,568,550	\$ 65,992	\$ 3,021,031		
Total Operating Revenues	386,489	2,568,550	65,992	3,021,031		
Operating Expenses						
Payroll costs	656,569	1,289,482	2,877	1,948,928		
Purchased and contracted	030,303	1,203,402	2,077	1,540,520		
services	2,798	618,718	-	621,516		
Supplies and materials	13,408	14,387	40,770	68,565		
Other operating expenses	4,002	34,547	4,557	43,106		
Debt service	-	2,629	-	2,629		
Total Operating Expenses	676,777	1,959,763	48,204	2,684,744		
Operating Income (Loss)	(290,288)	608,787	17,788	336,287		
Non-Operating Revenues						
Earnings from temp. deposits						
and investments	-	-	618	618		
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues</b>		-	618	618		
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(290,288)	608,787	18,406	336,905		
Capital Contributions and Transfers						
Transfers in	491,141	95,434	-	586,575		
Transfers out	-	(932,151)	-	(932,151)		
Total Transfers	491,141	(836,717)	_	(345,576)		
Change in Net Position	200,853	(227,930)	18,406	(8,671)		
Net Position - Beginning	(200,853)	377,354	49,992	226,493		
Net Position - Ending	\$ -	\$ 149,424	\$ 68,398	\$ 217,822		

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF PROPRIETARY FUNDS CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	DSISD Day Care			DSISD Community ervices Fund	DS	SISD Tiger Shack	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash receipts from services provided	\$	335,618	\$	2,670,627	\$	65,992	\$	3,072,237
Cash payments to employees		(648,317)		(1,293,100)		-		(1,941,417)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(19,629)		(897,800)		(48,398)		(965,827)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(332,328)		479,727		17,594		164,993
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:								
Cash payment from other fund		491,141		95,434		-		586,575
Cash payment to other fund		-		(932,151)		_		(932,151)
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital								
Financing Activities		491,141		(836,717)				(345,576)
Coch Flour from Investing Activities								
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on investments						610		610
				<u>-</u> _		618 618		618
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities						018		618
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		158,813		(356,990)		18,212		(179,965)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		-		887,198		47,130		934,328
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	158,813	\$	530,208	\$	65,342	\$	754,363
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(290,288)	\$	608,787	\$	17,788	\$	336,287
Change in Assets and Liabilities				(252.221)				(252.221)
Decrease (increase) in Due from Other Funds		-		(253,901)		-		(253,901)
Decrease (increase) in Unearned Revenue		740		102,077		-		102,817
Decrease (increase) in Prepaids		96		-		- 		96
Increase (decrease) in Accounts payable		483		26,382		(194)		26,671
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		9,698		(1,257)		-		8,441
Increase (decrease) in Interfund Payables		(51,611)		-		-		(51,611)
Increase (decrease) in Payroll Deductions Payable		(1,446)		(2,361)				(3,807)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(332,328)	\$	479,727	\$	17,594	\$	164,993

711

712

715

**REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES** 

	1	2	3			10		20
Last Ten Fiscal Years			Net Assessed/Appraised Value For School		Beginning Balance 06/30/22		Current Year's Total Levy	
Fiscal Years	Maintenance	Debt Service		Tax Purposes <sup>1</sup>	00/30/22		Total Levy	
2014 and prior	Various	Various		Various	\$	205,748	\$	-
2015	1.04000	0.48000	\$	3,082,966,184		46,042		-
2016	1.04000	0.48000		3,439,934,671		64,551		-
2017	1.17000	0.35000		3,874,449,013		83,131		-
2018	1.17000	0.35000		4,345,229,079		(150,569)		-
2019	1.17000	0.35000		4,831,946,579		731,927		-
2019	1.06830	0.35000		5,604,874,990		(283,277)		-
2020	0.98320	0.35000		6,532,274,210		212,361		-
2022	0.96030	0.35000		7,498,830,032		1,162,751		-
2023	0.94290	0.35000		9,496,489,520		-		122,780,113
1000 Totals					\$	2,072,665	\$ :	122,780,113

8000 - Taxes refunded under Section 26.115(c), Tax Code, for tax refunds issued for immediate homestead exemptions pursuant to Senate Bill (SB) 8, 87-2

9000 - Portion of row 1000 for taxes paid into tax increment zone under chapter 311, tax code

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assessed Valuations are adjusted for tax freeze amounts as defined by The Texas Education Agency.

		31	32		40		50	
Last Ten Fiscal Years			Debt Service Total Collections	Ac	Entire Year's ljustments	Ending Balance 06/30/23		
2014 and prior	\$	4,781	\$ 1,839	\$	-	\$	199,128	
2015		408	188		-		45,446	
2016		381	174		1,089		65,085	
2017		338	101		559		83,251	
2018		(572)	(179)		(1,881)		(151,699)	
2019		6,461	1,911		(12,008)		711,547	
2019		29,991	9,814		(3,915)		(326,997)	
2020		6,232	2,162		(57,598)		146,369	
2022		464,108	168,870		(250,128)		279,645	
2023		88,502,460	 32,844,679		64,835		1,497,809	
1000 Totals	\$	89,014,588	\$ 33,029,559	\$	(259,047)	\$	2,549,584	
	\$	17,351						

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget							
							Var	iance with
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Local, Intermediate, and Out-of-State	\$	2,655,000	\$	3,704,325	\$	3,658,951	\$	(45,374)
State Program Revenues		88,293		103,774		141,574		37,800
Federal Program Revenues		515,000		515,000		363,192		(151,808)
Total Revenues		3,258,293		4,323,099		4,163,717		(159,382)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Food Services		3,317,800		4,038,037		3,621,961		416,076
Facilities Acquisition and Construction				27,654		27,654		-
Total Expenditures		3,317,800		4,065,691		3,649,615		416,076
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(59,507)		257,408		514,102		256,694
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		-		497		-		(497)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		497		-		(497)
Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance		(59,507)		257,905		514,102		256,197
Fund Balance - Beginning		987,976		987,976		987,976		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	928,469	\$	1,245,881	\$	1,502,078	\$	256,197

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Buc	dget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Local, Intermediate, and Out-of-State	\$ 32,138,007	\$ 34,158,007	\$ 34,180,884	\$ 22,877
State Program Revenues	207,903	207,903	476,513	268,610
Total Revenues	32,345,910	34,365,910	34,657,397	291,487
Expenditures				
Current:				
Debt Service:				
Principal on long-term debt	8,420,700	19,420,700	19,790,000	(369,300)
Interest on long-term debt	11,279,160	11,279,160	10,299,109	980,051
Bond issuance costs and fees	15,000	15,000	372,084	(357,084)
Total Expenditures	19,714,860	30,714,860	30,461,193	253,667
Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	12,631,050	3,651,050	4,196,204	545,154
Fund Balance - Beginning	18,895,891	18,895,891	18,895,891	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 31,526,941	\$ 22,546,941	\$ 23,092,095	\$ 545,154

## COMPENSATORY EDUCATION PROGRAM AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM COMPLIANCE RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

<b>Data Codes</b>	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		Responses	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes	
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes	
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	1,052,744	
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30)	\$	610,855	
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs			
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes	
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes	
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	250,660	
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	\$	143,820	

### REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	
	ciu:	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	
	(If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.) Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$5,631,991

NOTE: This schedule is to be included as part of the annual financial audit report (AFR) submission on the required due date and published as a part of the school district's AFR. This schedule should be submitted in the data feed file and submitted as an Adobe Acrobat portable document file (pdf).

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[NUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]

**FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION** 

Dripping Springs Dripping Springs

[SUCATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT]



Austin Office
3600 N. Capital of Texas Hwy.
Bldg B. Suite 250
Austin, Texas 78746
737.931.8200 Main

whitleypenn.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees
Dripping Springs Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dripping Springs Independent School District, (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To the Board of Trustees
Dripping Springs Independent School District

## **Purpose of this Report**

Whitley FERN LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Austin, Texas October 18, 2023



Austin Office
3600 N. Capital of Texas Hwy.
Bldg B. Suite 250
Austin, Texas 78746
737 931 8200 Main

whitleypenn.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees
Dripping Springs Independent School District

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion On Each Major Program**

We have audited Dripping Springs Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
  procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
  District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
  we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
  accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

To the Board of Trustees
Dripping Springs Independent School District

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Austin, Texas October 18, 2023

Whitley FERN LLP

# **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# I. Summary of Auditors' Results

## **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified that is not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance with major programs:	Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Assistance Listing Numbers		
U.S. Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A		
IDEA - Part B, Formula - ARP	84.027X		
IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A		
IDEA - Part B, Preschool - ARP	84.173X		
IDEA-B Discretionary Residential	84.027A		
COVID - 19 - ESSER II CRRSA Grant	84.425D		
COVID - 19 - ESSER III ARP Grant	84.425U		
COVID - 19 - ESSER III SUPPLEMENTAL Grant	84.425U		
COVID - 19 - ESSER III TCLAS Grant	84.425U		
Dollar Threshold Considered Between Type A and Type B Federal Programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes		

No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported

III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
	Assistance Listing	Pass- Through Entity	<b>Total Federal</b>
Federal Grantor/ Pass- Through Grantor/ Program Title	Number	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Education			
Passed Through Texas Education Agency:			
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs YR 2 (21-22)	84.010A	22610101105904	\$ 806
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs YR 3 (22-23)	84.010A	23610101105904	193,370
Total ALN 84.010			194,176
IDEA - Part B, Formula YR 2 (21-22)	84.027A	226600011059046600	76,970
IDEA - Part B, Formula YR 3 (22-23)	84.027A	236600011059046600	833,249
IDEA - Part B, Formula-ARP YR 2 (21-22)	84.027X	225350011059045350	13,794
IDEA - Part B, Formula-ARP YR 3 (22-23)	84.027X	225350021059045350	208,316
IDEA - Part B, Preschool YR 2 (21-22)	84.173A	226610011059046610	5,386
IDEA - Part B, Preschool YR 3 (22-23)	84.173A	236610011059046610	1,392
IDEA - Part B, Preschool-ARP YR 2 (21-22)	84.173X	225360011059045360	1,920
IDEA - Part B, Preschool-ARP YR 3 (22-23)	84.173X	225360021059045360	1,466
IDEA-B Discretionary Residential YR 3 (22-23)	84.027A	66002312	352,456
Total Special Education Cluster, IDEA (ALN 84.027, 84.173)			1,494,949
Career and Technology - Basic Grant YR 3 (22-23)	84.048A	23420006105904	41,550
ESEA Title III, Part A - ELA YR 2 (21-22)	84.365A	22671001105904	187
ESEA Title III, Part A - ELA YR 3 (22-23)	84.365A	23671001105904	41,296
Total ALN 84.365			41,483
ESEA Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction YR 2 (21-22)	84.367A	22694501105904	16,596
ESEA Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction YR 3 (22-23)	84.367A	23694501105904	90,050
Total ALN 84.367	3.13377.	2505 150220550 1	106,646
LEP Summer School	84.369A	69552102	5,836
			•
ESEA Title IV, Part A - Student Support Academic Enrichment YR 1 ( 22-23)	84.424A	236810105904	9,423
COVID - 19 - ESSER II CRRSA Grant	84.425D	21521001105904	413,781
COVID - 19 - ESSER III ARP Grant	84.425U	21528001105904	318,144
COVID - 19 - ESSER III SUPPLEMENTAL Grant	84.425U	21528043105904	1,946,314
COVID - 19 - ESSER III TCLAS Grant	84.425U	21528042105904	99,384
Total ALN 84.425			2,777,623
Total U. S. Department of Education			4,671,686
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Texas Education Agency - Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402301	53,050
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non- Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	806780706	166,715
Passed Through Texas Education Agency - Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302301	429,895
Total Child Nutrition Cluster (ALN 10.553, 10.555)			649,660
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			649,660
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,321,346

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District accounts for all awards under federal programs in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds in accordance with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. These programs are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

All federal grants are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Any expenditures identified by the grantor agencies as disallowed could require reimbursement to the grantor agency from the District's general fund.

#### Note 2 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### Note 3 - Reconciliation to Basic Financial Statements

The following table reconciles expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to the federal program revenues per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds.

Total expenditures of federal awards per Exhibit K- 1	\$ 5,321,346
General fund - federal revenue:	
SHARS	392,755
E- Rate	 42,666
Total federal revenues per Exhibit C- 2	\$ 5,756,767

# Note 4 – General Fund Expenditures

Federal awards reported in the general fund are summarized as follows:

SHARS	\$ 392,755
E-Rate	42,666
	435,421
Indirect Costs:	
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	34,114
IDEA B - Formula	9,019
IDEA B - Formula - ARP	658
IDEA B - Preschool	388
Career and Technology - Basic Grant	1,157
Title III, Part A - ELA	3,047
Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	6,739
COVID - 19 - ESSER II CRRSA Grant	76,978
COVID - 19 - ESSER III ARP Grant	38,636
COVID - 19 - ESSER III SUPPLEMENTAL Grant	295,714
COVID - 19 - ESSER III TCLAS Grant	15,875
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	449
School Breakfast Program (SSO)	31,467
National School Lunch Program (SSO)	 255,001
Total Indirect Costs	 769,242
	\$ 1,204,663

#### Note 5 - Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate under the Uniform Guidance.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal regulations, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Section 200.511 states, "The auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings." The summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs and
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings for the year ended June 30, 2023 has been prepared to address these responsibilities.

## I. Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2022-001	<b>Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations</b>
LIUGIUS SOSS-OOT	expenditures in excess of Appropriations

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Finding Summary: Preparation of the final budget amendment did not adequately anticipate expenditures to be accrued

after year end, which resulted in expenditures exceeding appropriations.

Current Status: The prior finding has been corrected.

**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN** 

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal regulations, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511 states, "At the completion of the audit, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in the current year auditor's reports."

The Corrective Action Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 has been prepared to address these requirements.

#### I. Corrective Action Plan

Not Applicable.